THE CONSTITUTION.

VOLUME I. ATLANTA, GEORGIA, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 6, 1868. NUMBER 123

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DAILY CONSTITUTION, per annum..... $10.00
Six months..... 5.00
One month..... 1.00
Single paper..... 10

All subscriptions are payable strictly in advance; and, at the expiration of the time for which payment is made, unless previously renewed, the name of the subscriber will be stricken from our books.

CLUB RATES:

Ten copies..... $ 80.00
Twenty copies..... 150.00
Newsdealers liberally contracted with.
SEMI-WEEKLY CONSTITUTION, per annum..... 3.00
six months..... 1.50

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

SQUARES.	1 week	2 weeks	3 weeks	1 month	2 months	3 months	6 months	12 months
1 Square	$3	$6	$8	$10	$16	$20	$35	$60
2 Squares	6	10	14	18	25	35	60	110
3 Squares	8	14	20	25	40	50	75	120
4 Squares	10	18	25	30	50	60	90	135
Quarter column	14	25	35	40	65	80	120	160
Third of a col	18	30	40	50	80	110	150	200
Half column	35	60	80	100	130	160	200	320
One column	60	70	100	130	160	200	300	500

Terms cash, before or on demand after the first insertion.

Advertisements must be marked for a specified time.

Advertisements inserted at intervals will be charged as new each insertion.

All advertisements, or notices of advertisements, in the "Local Business" are chargeable at the rate of TWENTY FIVE CENTS A LINE for each insertion. No notice will appear for a less sum than one dollar.

Advertisements under the head of "Special Notices," twenty cents per line for first insertion, and ten cents for each subsequent insertion.

The above prices will be charged for transient advertisements.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

Sheriff's sales, per levy of ten lines or less... $3 50
Sheriff's Mortgage fi. fa. sales, per square.... 5 00
Tax collector's sales, per square..... 5 00
Citations for Letters of Administration..... 3 00
Citations for Letters of Guardianship..... 3 00
Letters of application for dismission from Administration..... 4 50
Letters of application for dismission from Guardianship..... 3 00
Applications for leave to sell Land..... 5 00
Applications for Debtors and Creditors..... 3 00
Notice to Debtors and Creditors..... 2 50
Sales of Land, etc., per square..... 5 00
Sales of perishable property, 10 days, per sqr. 1 50
Notary Notices, 30 days..... 3 00
Foreclosure of Mortgage, per sqr, each time... 1 00

THE REQUIRED FOR LEGAL ADVERTISING.

Sales of Land, etc., by Administrators, Executors or Guardians, are required by law to be held on the first Tuesday in the month, between the hours of ten in the forenoon and three in the afternoon, at the Court House in the county in which the property is situated. Notices of these sales must be given in a public gazette 40 days previous to the day of sale.

Notices of the sale of personal property must be given in like manner 10 days previous to the day of sale.

Notices to the debtors and creditors of an estate must also be published 40 days.

Notice that application will be made to the Court of Ordinary for leave to sell Land, etc., must be published for two months.

Citations for letters of Administration, Guardianship, etc., must be published 30 days; for dismission from Administration, monthly 6 months; for dismission from Guardianship 40 days.

Rules for foreclosure of Mortgage must be published monthly for 4 months; for establishing lost papers, for the full space of 3 months; for compelling titles from Executors or Administrators, where bond has been given by the deceased, the full space of three months.

Publications will always be continued according to these, the legal requirements, unless otherwise ordered.

RAILROAD SCHEDULES.

GEORGIA RAILROAD—171 miles—Fare Ten cents per mile.—JOHN P. KING, President; E. W. COLE Superintendent; G. T. ANDERSON, Agent at Atlanta.

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	5.00 A M
Arrive at Augusta	3.45 P.M.
Leave Augusta	7.00 A.M
Arrive at Atlanta	6.30 P.M

No trains on Sunday.

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	5.40 P.M
Arrive at Augusta	3.00 A.M.
Leave Augusta	10.00 P.M.
Arrive at Atlanta	7.40 A.M.

ATLANTA & WEST POINT RAILROAD—Fare, ——— per mile—JOHN P. KING, President; L. P. GRANT, Superintendent; E. N. BROWN, Agent at Atlanta:

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	7:58 A. M
Arrive at West Point	12:30 P. M
Leave West Point	12:50 P. M
Arrive at Atlanta	5:25 P. M.

Sunday excepted.

NIGHT AND PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	3:00 P. M.
Arrive at West Point	11:05 P. M.
Leave West Point	3:00 A. M.
Arrive at Atlanta	10:00 A. M.

MACON & WESTERN RAILROAD.—103 miles—Fare, five cents per mile—A. J. WHITE, President; R. A. ANDERSON, Agent at Atlanta:

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	7.15 A M
Arrive at Macon	1.30 P M
Leave Macon	1.45 A M
Arrive at Atlanta	7.00 P M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	6.30 P M
Arrive at Macon	2.10 A M
Leave Macon	3.40 P M
Arrive at Atlanta	4.10 A M

POST OFFICE, ATLANTA, GA., January 19, 1868.—From and after this date, until further notice, this office will be opened and closed as follows:

Open at	8 o'clock, A M
Close at	12½ o'clock, P M
Open at	2 o'clock, P M
Close at	6 o'clock, P M

SUNDAYS.

Open at	8 o'clock, A M
Close at	10 o'clock, A M

THOS. G. SIMMS, P. M.

ATLANTA POST OFFICE.—ARRIVAL and Departure of Mails. Office open at 8 o'clock A. M.; Close at 7, P. M. Sundays from 8 to 9 A. M. Officers: THOS. G. SIMMS, Postmaster; FIRE ELLS, Assistant Postmaster; J. S. NALL, Money Orders and Registry Clerk and Cashier; J. DANIEL, Mailing Clerk; J. W. WOODRUFF, Distributing Clerk; C. BRUMLEY, W. A. ORMS, Deputy Clerks; M. W. SMITH, Stamp Clerk; P. H. WOODWARD, Special Agent Postoffice Department.

	Mails arrive	Mails Close.
Wrington, D. C.	3.45, A. M.	6 P. M.
New York	3.45 "	6 "
Philadelphia	3.45 "	6 "
Baltimore	3.45 "	6 "
Memphis and Arkansas	3.45 "	6 "
Louisville, Cincinnati, Chicago and Nashville	3.45 "	6 "
W. A. & R. R. Way Mail	3.45 "	6 "
Augusta, Ga	7.45 A M	4.30 P M
Charleston	7.45 A M	4.30 P M
Ga. R. Way Mail		5 P. M.
Rome, Ga. and Dalton	4.30 P. M.	6 A. M.
Edgefield, Ga.	4.30 P. M.	6 A. M.
W. & A. R. Way Mail	2.00 P. M.	6 45 A. M.
Macon, Ga.	4.0. A. M.	6 P. M.
Savannah, S. W. E. R.	4.00 A. M.	6 P. M.
Floridas		
Via Atlanta, Mobile, Montgomery and Columbus	5.20 P. M.	7 A. M.
Atlanta and Montgomery	5.20 P. M.	7 A. M.
Savannah May		

SEMI-WEEKLY MAIL LINE.

Alpharetta to Dahlonega---Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

Dahlonega to Blairsville and to Murphy, N. C.---Weekly-Saturdays.

Newnan to Carrollton and Bowden---Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

Newnan to Franklin---semi-Weekly---Wednesdays and Saturdays.

Lathrope to Griffin---Tri-Weekly, via Greenville, Ga.

Lathrope to Columbus, via Hamilton---Tri-Weekly.

Jonesboro, Ga., to Lawrenceville---Tri-Weekly.

Lawrenceville to Gainesville---Weekly---Saturdays.

Atlanta to Gainesville---Semi-Weekly---Tuesdays and Thursdays.

Cartersville to Marble Works and Hiwassee River---Tri-Weekly.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

Cards of six lines or less, under this head, charged for twenty five dollars for one year; fifteen dollars for six months; ten dollars for three months; five dollars for one month. Payable in advance.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

R. A. FORCE, Wholesale Dealer in Boots and Shoes, Whitehall street, keeps on hand the largest and best selected stock in Atlanta. Will sell to country merchants at New York wholesale added. j 1y16-dly

WATCHES AND JEWELRY.

C. BOLLMAN, Dealer in Watches, Jewelry, Gold Pens, Spectacles, Repairing in all its branches. Whitehall street, 2d door above Mitchell. Jo's Book Store, Atlanta, Ga. Work done in the best style and warranted.

R. H. BURT. E. B. LOCKETT.

BURT, JOHNSON & CO.,

Cotton Factors,

WAREHOUSE AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED.

OFFICE DISCOUNT ASSISTED.

Liberal advances made on cotton consigned to their friends in New York, Liverpool and Savannah.

Special attention attended to in all business entrusted to their care.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

sept15-1y

Chestnuts Wanted.

500 BUSHELS CHESTNUTS WANTED, FOR which a liberal price will be paid in cash.

A. K. SEAGO.

aug11-d3m

United States Government.

THE EXECUTIVE.

ANDREW JOHNSON, of Tennessee, President.
BENJAMIN F. WADE, of Ohio, Vice-President, *pro tempore.*

THE CABINET.

William H. Seward, of New York, Secretary of State.
Hugh McCullough, of Indiana, Secretary of Treasury.
J. M Schofield, United States Army, Secretary of War.
Gideon Welles, of Connecticut, Secretary of the Navy.
Orville H. Browning, of Illinois, Secretary of Interior.
W. H. Evarts, of New York, Attorney General.
Alexander W. Randall, of Wisconsin, Postmaster General.

THE JUDICIARY.

SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES.
Salmon P. Chase, of Ohio, Chief Justice.

ASSOCIATE JUSTICES.

Nathan Clifford, of Maine. Vacancy. Samuel F. Miller, of Iowa. Samuel Nelson, of New York. David Davis, of Illinois. Stephen J. Field, of California. Robert C. Grier, of Pennsylvania. Noah H. Swayne, of Ohio. Vacancy.

Court meets at Washington, D. C., first Monday in December.

SENATE.

Benjamin F. Wade, of Ohio, President.
John W. Forney, of Pennsylvania, Clerk

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Schuyler Colfax, of Indiana, Speaker.
Edward McPherson, of Pennsylvania, Clerk.

GOVERNMENT OF GEORGIA.

RUFUS B. BULLOCK, Governor.
D. G. Cotting, Secretary of State.
Madison Bell, Comptroller General.
B. B. DeGraffenreid, Governor's Secretary.

SUPREME COURT.

Joseph E. Brown, Chief Justice.
H. R. McKay, Hiram Warner, } Associate Justices.

SENATE.

Benjamin Conley, Pres't; A. E. Marshall, Sec'y.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

R. H. McWhorter, Speaker; Mark Harden, Clerk.

Municipal Government of Atlanta.

JAMES E. WILLIAMS, Mayor.

COUNCILMEN.

1st Ward—Richard Peters. M. J. Castleberry.
2d " A. W. Mitchell. E. E. Rawson.
3d " Wm. C. Anderson. Vacancy.
4th " J. E. Gullatt. W. B. Cox
5th " J. A. Hayden. E. W. Holland.
S. B. Love, Clerk of Council.
R. M. Farrar, Treasurer.
E. I. Roach, City Physician.
L. J. Glenn, City Attorney.

POLICE DEPARTMENT.

L. P. Thomas, Marshal; E. C. Murphy, Deputy.
Jno. L. Johnson, First Lieutenant of Police.
T. C. Murphy, Second " "

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

Thomas Haney, Chief.

Atlanta Fire Company No 1. John Mecaslin.
Mechanics' Fire Co No. 2. J. E. Gullatt, President.
Tallulah No. 3, E. A. Center.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

First Ward—J. M. Boring; 2d O. H. Jones; 3d L. P. Grant; 4th Chas. Pinckney; 5th J. N. Simmons.

O. A. LOCHRANE,

Attorney & Counsellor

AT LAW,

ATLANTA, Ga. Office in the building of the United States Court, on Broad street, formerly occupied by Brown & Pope, will practice in the Superior Courts of Fulton and Bibb counties, in the United States District and Circuit Courts at Atlanta and Savannah, and in the Supreme Court of the State.

The unfinished business of Brown & Pope is in course of preparation and will be completed by me. Office hours from 9 to 2, and from 3 to 6 o'clock.

sept12 d3m

OLIVER & WADDAIL,

Commission Merchants,

Corner Alabama and Forsyth streets,

Atlanta ..... Georgia.

Agents for Marietta Paper Mills,

Keep constantly on hand Printing and Wrapping Paper of different sizes. oct14-dtf

GEO. J. HOWARD,

Grocer & Commission Merchant,

MARIETTA ST.,

Atlanta, Georgia.

ORDERS for all descriptions of GROCERIES filled at lowest market prices.

Consignments of country produce solicited.

☞ Will make returns promptly. nov1-dlw

MARK W. JOHNSON,

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

ATLANTA, GA.

GUANO A SPECIALTY. CASH ADVANCED on Merchandise; also on Cotton shipped to New York or Savannah. Office at H. G. Bell's, Whitehall street. nov1 2t

SAMUEL MEYER,

COTTON FACTOR

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA

(Office at Glenn, Wright & Carr's Warehouse.)

Liberal advances made on shipments to our friends in New York, Liverpool and Savannah.

sep15d6m

ELAM CHRISTIAN,

General Commission Merchant,

GRIFFIN, GEORGIA.

CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED.

REFERENCES: Col. C. W. Styles, Gen. J. B. Gordon, Atlanta, Ga. Hon. Warren Aiken, Bartow County, Ga. W. A. Huff & Co., T. W. Freeman & Co., Macon, Ga. aug1 2m

MORRIS & TRIMBLE,

Importers, Manufacturers and Dealers in

French Burr and other Mill Stones,

BOLTING CLOTHS,

BEST quality Anker Brand, by the piece or cut to order. Smut Machines, Bolting, and Mill Furnishing Goods generally.

WEST FALLS AVENUE,

Near Pratt Street Bridge, Baltimore.

aug18-d3m

P. E. MCDANIEL. C. H. STRONG. B. F. MORRIS.

McDANIEL, STRONG & CO.,

Cotton Warehouse

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Corner Prior and Hunter Sts.,

In sight of the Passenger Depot, and near the United States and American Hotels,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

WITH the advent of another Cotton Season, we renew to our friends and patrons the offer of our services in the storage and sale of their cotton. We have demonstrated the fact, by the experience of past seasons, and particularly of the last, that Atlanta is one of the best fine cotton markets of the South. This is due chiefly to her situation; being on the direct route from the producing districts to the large seaports in Ga. and Carolinas, the advantage of through rates to New York via Savannah, Charleston or Wilmington, which are freely and satisfactorily given. The increase of Atlanta as a cotton market was during the last season, acknowledged by the New York buyers, many of whom made extensive purchases, which with the local competition enabled us to realize the most satisfactory prices; relatively higher in most instances than could have been obtained by our consignors, by shipments to more distant points.

The members of our firm are all men of large experience in cotton, and well known in the community. Our Warehouse cannot be surpassed, being of large dimensions, completely shingled, and fire-proof. Every money facility usual in such cases we are prepared to furnish.

McDANIEL, STRONG & Co.

aug 17-d3m

Chestnuts Wanted.

500 BUSHELS CHESTNUTS WANTED, FOR which a liberal price will be paid in cash.

A. K. SEAGO.

jun11-d3m

MACON.

PLANTERS' WAREHOUSE.

ADAMS, JONES & REYNOLDS,

WAREHOUSE

—AND—

Commission Merchants,

NEW FIRE-PROOF WAREHOUSE,

Near Passenger Depot,

Corner Forsyth and Poplar Streets,

ABRAM B. ADAMS, PEYTON REYNOLDS, DONALD B. JONES, } **MACON, GEORGIA.**

oct22-d3m

THOS. HARDEMAN, JR. O. G. SPARKS.

HARDEMAN & SPARKS,

Commission Merchants,

Macon, Ga.

TO THE PLANTERS

IN MIDDLE AND SOUTHERN GEORGIA.

FOR TWENTY YEARS we have served you, we believe faithfully. Our success depends upon your prosperity, hence we have zealously sought to promote your interest and advanced it by every means in our power. As Commission Merchants, we again tender you our services at our old stand, which has withstood the flames of a burning square (thereby proving its security), and where we hope to merit the very liberal patronage always given us.

The sale of Cotton is our speciality. We flatter ourselves none can excel us. To old friends we return thanks; to new ones, we say try us, we will try to please you.

Usual accommodations given to enable you to make a crop. sep23-d3m

JAMES H. ANDERSON. LOUIS F. ANDERSON.

J. H. ANDERSON & SON,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

GENERAL PRODUCE

AND

Commission Merchants

THIRD STREET,

Adjoining Hardeman & Sparks' Warehouse

MACON GA

june16-d6m

E. E. BROWN. W. F. BROWN.

BROWN'S HOTEL,

(Opposite Depot)

MACON GA

THIS long and well known Hotel, with its unequaled system, still presents itself to the traveling public.

The House was opened on the 1st of January, 1856, and took at once a prominent position among the "first class" Hotels of the country. It has never been closed since, but it has been steadily increasing in prosperity, till it acknowledges no successful rival in the business in the State.

Recent improvements and refurnishing of the House, which is still in the hands of the Proprietors, have left nothing to be desired by those who love their ease and enjoy the comfort and luxuries of life. The Hotel is admirably situated for the convenience of the travelling public, being situated opposite the Passenger Depot, and but a few steps from the same. It has a full line of well trained servants in every department, and the Proprietors will spare no pains or expense to sustain the established reputation of the Hotel. Special attention paid to the wants of lady guests, who may sojourn at the House, and none shall go away dissatisfied, if an earnest endeavor to please will secure a liberal share of the public patronage. oct6-dtf

LANIER HOUSE,

MACON, GA.

COLLIER & BOYS

Having assumed the management of this House, respectfully solicit a share of public patronage.

Free Omnibus to and from the House. Attentive Porters. oct8-d3m

SAVANNAH.

H. W. MERCER, Late Cashier Planters' Bank of Georgia. EDWARD C. ANDERSON, JR., of Georgia.

MERCER & ANDERSON,

BANKERS

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

SAVANNAH, GA.

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO COTTON.

Liberal advances made on Consigments to us for sale, or Shipment to our friends in Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York or Liverpool.

Wishing to aid our Planter friends in their efforts to secure for themselves the full benefit of their Cotton Crops, we have determined to make advances on Cotton consigned to us on the following easy terms:

On Cotton, for sale at discretion, advance seventy-five (75) per cent of its market value, charging interest on the advance until the Cotton is sold at the rate of seven (7) per cent per annum.

On Cotton, to be held Thirty Days, advance fifty (50) per cent of market value, charging commission for advancing, 2½ per cent., and interest on the advance at the rate of seven (7) per cent. per annum.

On Cotton, to be held Sixty Days, fifty (50) per cent. of its market value, charging commission for advancing, 2½ per cent., and interest on the advance at the rate of one (1) per cent. per month.

In all cases the advance will be based upon the market value of the Cotton on the day it reaches us. MERCER & ANDERSON.

oct10d3m

MARKING INK,

20 (TWENTY) CENTS per gallon, by the barrel, containing forty gallons, (including the barrel.)

Manufactured and sold by

ALEX. GALLOWAY,

35 Drayton street,

Savannah, Georgia.

oct22-d2w

NOTICE TO MERCHANTS!

CUSTOMERS OF

SAVANNAH FAST FREIGHT LINE!

MERCHANTS shipping from New York to Savannah are requested to ship ONLY by the Lines of

MURRAY, FERRIS & CO., 61 and 63 South street,
LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., 78 Liberty street,
WM. R. HARRISON, 5 Bowling Green.

Who are the ONLY persons in New York authorized to sign

THROUGH BILLS OF LADING

AT

Through Rates via Savannah

Over the Central Railroad and its connections.

The Arrangement between Steamships and Central Road is such that shipments by other than the Lines named above will be charged at LOCAL RATES.

Be particular to have all goods marked to the "Care of C. R. R. Agent, Savannah," and for information concerning the Line, its Rates, &c. Apply to R. A. ANDERSON, Agent,

M. and W. P. R. R., Atlanta,

Or, GEO. O'NEIL, Agent,

Central R. R., No. 1 Park Place, N. Y.

oct17-d1m

R. M. ROSE & CO.,

WHOLESALE

LIQUOR DEALERS.

Granite Block, Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.

jan16-dly

EVENING EDITION.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, NOVEMBER 5.

DON'T STEAL ME, for I am private property, bought and paid for by a subscriber, one who sustains the press and wants to read me.

DON'T BORROW ME, for my owner don't like it, and, besides, the machine will turn you out a copy just like me for three cents and a half, and you ought to sustain the press. Go and subscribe, and keep your conscience easy.

THE CHIEF JUSTICE COMMITS A CRIME AND COUNSELS OTHERS TO FOLLOW HIS EXAMPLE.—Joe Brown, not the black one, but the white one, was at Calhoun on the day of the election, and in direct violation of the law, not only voted himself, but counselled and advised others similarly situated to follow his example. Joseph is a citizen of Fulton county; the law says, a voter for Presidential Electors shall have been a citizen of the State six months next preceding the election, and thirty days a citizen of the county where he offers to vote.

The importance this fact assumes is derived from the circumstance that the individual is at the head of the Judiciary of the State. Others may have voted illegally through ignorance, but it cannot be presumed that Brown was ignorant of the law, and hence he must take the other horn of the dilemma—willful violation of the law and deliberate fraud. In him the offence is but a shade below the standard of perjury, and the example is a misdemeanor of the highest type. What a commentary upon the morals of Radicalism!

RADICAL POLICY.—Let the Radical policy of exempting frow taxation two thousand millions of Government bonds, held by rich men, be endorsed by the working men of the country, and from henceforth, the rich will grow richer and the poor poorer.—*Atlanta Intelligencer, Nov.* 5.

Judging from the above, our neighbor has been taking a nap. We would advise him that the election is over, and that they have *actually* "endorsed" it.

TELEGRAPHIC COMMUNICATION WITH ASIA. Late telegrams, says the Savannah News, inform us that a submarine telegraph has been successfully laid from Malta to Alexandria in Egypt. This very much facilitates the communication of western Europe with Asia. The British are actively engaged in pushing their telegraphic communication this way to China and Asia generally. But there is a shorter line from Europe to the Asiatic kingdoms by way of this country. The East India Telegraph Company proposes to construct a telegraph line from the American Pacific coast to the Asiatic by way of Alaska, the Ailutian Islands, and Kamschatka. This will be the shortest route from Europe to Asia. It will be certainly built.

English and American Girls.

Dr. Holland, ("Timothy Titcomb,") writes from England to the Springfield Republican: I confess a little disappointment in the Englishman physically. No American passing through the streets of London, would imagine that he was among a people superior phisically, to his own. I speak only of the men. The English woman is larger and stronger than her American sister, but I am yet to be convinced of the physical superiority of the Englishman to the American. * * * I have the authority of a competent and candid English woman for the statement that the American woman is the handsomer. There can be no question, I think, that the average American girl is more beautiful than her cousin across the water. She has greater delicacy of feature and generally a finer make-up. She matures earlier, and it is quite likely, fades sooner, but the fact that she is prettier, is not to be disputed. The girl here is, also, under the usages of English society, a suppressed creature, without the freedom that favors vivacity. The American girl is perfectly at home in society before the English sees society at all, or ever has been permitted to escape the eye of her governess or her mother.

The American girl may be much too forward, but I am sure that the English girl suffers by too great bondange. Female education in the two countries differs greatly, and, singular as it may seem, the education of the English girl is more showy than that of the American. As a general thing, the English girl knows little or nothing of mathematics and the natural sciences. These branches in America absorb a great deal of time, as you know; and you will find multitudes of American girls who are adepts in them. That in the education of the English girl which strikes an American, is their knowledge of language, of literature, of music, and of drawing. Every thing which contributes to show in society is acquired by the English girl. I can not recall among my English traveling acquaintances a lady who could not speak French, and several of them have spoken French, Italian, and German with entire facility. With these languages at command, with a wide acquaintance with history and belles lettres, and with the accomplishments of sketching and playing the piano, it must be acknowledged that the English girl shows for all that she is, and that for social purposes her acquisitions are greatly superior to those of the American girl.

A WAR RELIC.—We have seen a copy of Gen. Beauregard's private correspondence from the time he took command at Corinth to his occupation of Chattanooga, just before Bragg entered Kentucky. It contains the secret history of that army during the period named. It is now the private property of a gentleman in this city. By the way, it is a fact not generally known that the United States Government never succeeded in capturing the records of the Confederate War Department. They were last seen at a point in North Carolina not long before the surrender of General Johnston. We suspect they were destroyed, but they may be in existence yet.—*Macon Journal and Messenger.*

☞ Fanny Fern every one knows. It will not do to describe her. for if the description were not to her liking, woe be unto the writer thereof. She owns to fifty, and appears thirty. She presents a striking contrast to her husband, Mr. Parton. Her hair "whistles itself." It is of the fashionable golden color. She is not so handsome for a woman as her poet brother was for a man. She has a good constitution, and a weight (in society) of which anybody might be proud. She keeps a carriage, and can often be seen walking on Fifth Avenue.—*New York Mail.*

Savannah as Seen by Gen. George Washington in 1791.

From the Savannah News.

The "Southern tour" made by General Washington in 1791, has been mentioned often by his biographers, but none of those who have mentioned it have done more than to refer to it. During his tour General Washington kept a diary, which fortunately has been saved and now appears in book form, edited by Mr. Benson J. Lossing. Monday night, as stated by the News and Herald, Mr. W. S. Bogart entertained the Georgia Historical Society by reading extracts from the book. The account of the General's visit to Savannah appears in the book, and as it is of interest, we publish it, only writing out the abbreviations:

The General left Philadelphia on the 21st of March, 1791, to make the trip, and after visiting all of the principal cities along the route, arrived at Purisburg, in South Carolina, on the 19th of May of the same year. [Purisburg is about thirty miles from here.] "Here I was met by Messrs. H. Wimberly Jones, Col. Joseph Habersham, Mr. John Houston, General Lochlin McInroth, and Mr. Joseph Clay, a committee from the city of Savannah to conduct me thither. Boats were also ordered there by them for my accommodation, among which was a handsome eight-oared barge, rowed by eight American captains, attended. In my way down the river I called upon Mrs. Greene, the widow of the deceased General Greene, at a place called Mulberry Grove, and asked her how she did. At this place (two miles from Purisburg) my horses and carriages were landed, and I had twelve miles farther by land to *Savanna*. The wind and tide both being against us, it was six o'clock before we reached the city, where we were received under every demonstration that could be given of joy and respect. We were seven hours making the passage, which is often performed in four, though the computed distance is fifteen miles. Illum'us at night. [Illuminations meant.] I was conducted by the Mayor and Wardens to very good lodgings, which had been provided for the occasion, and partook of a public dinner given by the citizens at the Coffee Rooms. At Purisburg I parted with General Moultrie.

"13TH OF MAY—Dined with the Members of the Cincinnati at a public dinner given at the same place, and in the evening went to a dancing Assembly, at which there was about one hundred well dressed and handsome ladies.

"14TH OF MAY—A little after 6 o'clock, in company with General McIntosh, General Wayne, the Major, and many others, (principle gentlemen of the city,) I visited the city, and the attack and defense of it in the year 1779, under the combined forces of France and the United States, commanded by the Count de Estaing and General Lincoln. To form an opinion of the attack at this distance of time, and the change which has taken place in the appearance of the ground by the cutting away of the woods, &c., is hardly to be done with justice to the subject, especially as there is remaining scarcely any of the defenses.

"Dined to-day with a number of the citizens (not less than 200) in an elegant bower erected for the occasion on the bank of the river below the town. In the evening there was a tolerably good display of fireworks.

"SUNDAY, 15TH OF MAY.—After morning service, and receiving a number of visitors from the most respectable ladies of the place, (as was the case yesterday) I set out for Augusta, escorted beyond the limits of the city by most of the gentlemen in it, and dining at Mulberry Grove, the seat of Mrs. Greene, lodged at one Spencer's, distant 15 miles.

"Savannah stands upon what may be called high ground for this country. It is extremely sandy, which makes the walking very disagreeable, and the houses uncomfortable in warm and windy weather, as they are filled with dust whenever these happen. The town on three sides is surrounded with cultivated rice fields, which have a rich and luxuriant appearance. On the fourth, or back side, it is a fine sand. The harbor is said to be very good, and often filled with square-rigged vessels, but there is a bar below, over which only vessels drawing not more than twelve feet of water can be brought, except at springtide. The tide does not flow above twelve or fourteen miles above the city, though the river is swelled by it more than double that distance. Rice and tobacco, (the last of which is greatly increasing,) are the principal exports. Lumber and indigo are also exported, but the latter is on the decline, and it is supplanted by hemp and cotton. Ship timber, viz: live oak and cedar, is (and may be more so,) valuable in the exportation."

During the reading, Mr. Bogart stated that the house in which Washington lodged was (according to tradition) the wooden house at the corner of Barnard and President street, on the eastern side of the Square. He further called the attention of the Society to the fact, that Washington did not mention that he was received with a salute of artillery, when at other places he always noticed that he was received in that way, and stated "that the Chatham artillery did give a salute, and he noticed it by afterward sending them two brass six-pounders, which the company kept until 1864, when the guns which were here fell into the hands of the United States soldiers.

THE NEW ATLANTIC CABLE.—The London papers report that the manufacture of the new Atlantic telegraph which is to be submerged between Brest and New York, is making satisfactory progress. The cable is almost identical in construction with those which were completed in 1866, the only difference being that the diameter of the conducting copper core is slightly greater, and the outside wires are of homogeneous Bessemer steel, galvanized, having a breaking strain of about one thousand pounds, while the wires outside the existing Atlantic lines have a breaking strain of only about eight hundred pounds. Sir James Anderson, who will command the Great Eastern during the expedition has made the following observations regarding the Newfoundland Banks: By keeping in the five hundred fathom line upon the Milne Bank, and around the southern edge of the Grand Bank, there is no possibility of ice or any other agency that can be suggested injuring the cable. The northern edge of the Grand Bank was avoided because it is uncertain what depth the icebergs ground. They are said, upon good authority, to ground at times in ninety fathoms. It is not certain at what depth the vessels employed in the seal trade may sometimes choose to drop an anchor for the purpose of keeping in the track of the ice floes. These dangers are avoided by the track chosen for the proposed cable, and I am justified, by my own experience in saying that the track from the southern edge of the Great Bank to St. Pierre, and thence to the place of landing in America, is entirely free from any danger of ice, and does not cross any anchorage resorted to by the fleet of fishing vessels, nor will it be entered

The breaking strain of the new steel cable will be seven and a half tons, and the strain required for submersion need not be more than fourteen hundred pounds. Even if at any time it be necessary to haul up any portion of it already laid, the strain need not exceed a ton and a half in the deepest water. The weight of copper forming the conductor of the existing Atlantic cables is three hundred pounds per knot; in the new cable it will be about four hundred pounds. The Great Eastern has arrived at Sheerness, whence she will proceed with the cable probably to the end of next June. A[illegible]ong the Mediterranean she will go to Brest to finish coaling, and will thence start on the telegraphic expedition. *Ex.*

Napoleon at Biarritz.

Biarritz (Oct. 9) Correspondence London Herald.]

The Emperor and Empress, with the Prince Imperial, will be leaving Biarritz now in a few days. The season here closes about the middle of October, and many of the Paris shopkeepers having branch establishments here have already given notice of their intention to close on the 15th. The Emperor immediately before quitting the South usually holds a review of the troops at Bayonne. This took place yesterday. The Emperor drove over to Bayonne in a basket carriage, in the afternoon, with one aid-de-camp, held the review and then drove back. It is interesting to see the simple manner in which the Imperial family ruralize in their pretty little bathing place.

The Emperor and Empress, sometimes accompanied by one or more attendants, and sometimes alone, dressed in the every-day attire of ordinary citizens, are to be seen daily walking through the town and driving about the country. They are not molested, as our Queen was at Brighton, by a gaping crowd of butchers' boys and bakers, but the people merely salute them with respect when they recognize the Imperial party, which to the uninitiated is not distinguishable from a family of ordinary visitors. Those who recognize them feel it would be out of place to cheer the Emperor and Empress, who have sought Biarritz as a place of quiet retirement. Yesterday morning I saw the Emperor and Empress walk down to the bathing establishment.

The Emperor here left his Imperial consort, who remained seated on the sands watching the bathers. She was most affable, kissing her lady friends as they came up to greet her, and receiving all her lady acquaintances with warmth. She entered into an animated conversation with those around her, and spoke with graceful gesture. The Emperor was dressed in a blue frock coat, and wore a round drab felt deer-stalking hat. He walked with a stout stick, on which he was wont to lean. His majesty looked *triste*, and signs are beginning to appear that he has arrived at the grand climacteric. I wish I could describe minutely for your lady readers the costume of the Empress, but being a bachelor, I can excuse myself for not being acquainted with the different parts of ladies' attire; suffice it, however, to say that the Empress wore a deep mauve woollen dress, quietly trimmed, and a dark hat, entwined with a green creeper, the end of which hung *negligé* down the back. In walking she had in her left hand a white parasol lined with green, and in her right she carried a walking-stick, which she kept in constant use.

Doubtless the high heels of the boots which the ladies here wear—about two inches in length—have necessitated the use of a walking-stick; but, be this as it may, the simple fact of the Empress carrying a walking-stick has made its use fashionable.

Old Mr. and Mrs. Blair as They Ride to Washington.

A friend describes to us the appearance of old Mr. and Mrs. Blair as they ride into Washington City. He is now seventy-eight years old, and his wife is seventy-six. They live six miles from Washington, at a country seat in Maryland, known as Silver Spring. Nearly every day they ride into Washington on horseback, and when they do not come to Washington they ride as far in the opposite direction. Mr. Blair wears a broad-brimmed, slouched hat, and looks like the relic of a century ago. He is very thin, his legs are hardly larger than a man's wrist; and by the time he gets into the city, his trowsers have slipped half way up his knees. Mrs. Blair, who is a robust, stout, fine-looking old lady, wears a broad Quaker sun-bonnet, made of paste-board slips, so that she can gather it all up together in her hand, and a white dimity short dress.

Mr. Blair always rides about a length and half of the horse ahead of her. He rides up to the steps in front of Montgomery Blair's house, throws the reins down on the horse's neck, dismounts, and proceeds directly up the steps. The horse droops his head and stands still. Directly Mrs. Blair rides up, switches her husband's horse out of the way, gets off her horse, and follows her husband into the house.

One end of this house is occupied by Montgomery Blair, Mr. Blair's eldest son, a graduate of West Point, once a Judge in Missouri, an office-holder under Buchanan, Postmaster-General under Lincoln, a friendly man, a firstrate hater, and a very virulent politician and stump speaker; and the other end is occupied by Rear Admiral Lee, who married the only daughter of old Mr. Blair, and made ninety thousand dollars prize money before he stopped the rebels from running the blockade at Wilmington during the late war.

The mansion where Montgomery Blair lives, and where old Mr. and Mrs. Blair alight as they ride into Washington, is the one in which Senator Benton formerly lived. It is situated across the street, in front of the White House, and nearly opposite the War Department.

Old Mr. Blair was originally engaged in banking in Kentucky. He was brought to Washington by General Jackson, between whom and himself a warm and life-long friendship subsisted. The old Globe edited by him, and published by Blair & Rives, was the great organ of the Democratic party in the days of Jackson, and was a power in the land.

The Blairs and the Fremonts were strong friends until the separation which took place between them at St. Louis during the war and which proved injurious to both parties.

Probably there is no other man living who has held so many important interviews with Presidents in the White House as Francis P. Blair, Senior. It was he who looked out, at the request

The Future of Georgia—Its Material Prosperity Secured by Its Late Vote.

Viewed in the material as well as political effect, the result of the vote in this State on Tuesday will carry joy and gladness to the heart of every true Georgian. It places us at once upon the sure road to permanent peace and prosperity. It establishes our political status in accord with the interests and sentiments of our citizens. Henceforth we shall know no discord among ourselves. Reading the verdict of the people as thundered forth at the ballot box, the Radical party will surrender our State and give up the contest in despair, leaving us to govern ourselves according to a policy whose wisdom none will deny. Thousands of colored voters, awakened to their true interests, voted with us in the late election, and thousands of others will do so in future, becoming satisfied that the interests of their own race as well as ours demand that we should be the controlling power, whilst the carpet-baggers, those moral lepers and political profligates, finding they can no longer delude the negro into support of themselves for office, will abandon the State in disgust.

The effect will be that Georgia in a short time will be supplied with labor and capital from abroad, sufficient to develop her latent resources and to foster the various enterprises in the natural resource of which she abounds. Peace, plenty and prosperity will crown her as she has not been crowned since the war. Georgia is to-day in a better condition by far than any other Southern State. And if she but avails herself of the vantage ground already gained, there will be no check to her onward progress. By her action on Tuesday she paved the way to future wealth and prosperity. Reconstructed according to all the forms of law, as prescribed by Congress, no future contingency is likely to arise demanding the interposition of Federal authority in her affairs. No doubt the troops will be withdrawn soon. The first of January next the Freedman's Bureau goes out by limitation of the act, when we shall be left to govern ourselves according to civil law as enacted under the Constitution of the State.

With the probability of the popular vote against him, or, at all events, a most powerful minority of the American people, if he is as conservative as he is claimed to be by many of his friends, Gen. Grant, as President, will be restrained in the enforcement of any extreme or unwarranted measures, even should the ultraists of his party clamor for their adoption. He must, at all events, respect the popular will on the one hand, and the existing reconstruction of Congress on the other, would he make that narrow passage safely, in which so many have been wrecked. He will be bound to respect the civil authority of the States, and to recognize their governments as valid, or else dictate to the whole country, regardless of the ordinary forms of law. At all events, we have abundant cause to congratulate the people of Georgia on what we believe to be their good fortune in the auspicious future which they have secured to themselves by their vote on Tuesday, and would urge them to use with wisdom and discretion the right of self-government as secured to them again, and to develop and appropriate the riches which the God of Nature has so abundantly given them.

☞ We pronounce Governor Bullock the most popular man in the State—we are ready to swear it. Some six months ago he beat the favorite of our people *according to law and Hulbert's count*, an indefinite number of votes for Governor. We say an indefinite number, for the exact number was never published that we saw. Gen. Gordon was certainly at that time ten thousand votes stronger in Georgia than Mr. Seymour was last Tuesday. Mr. Seymour's majority in the State was not far short of forty thousand over Grant. The difference belongs, *poor compliment*, to Bullock. Will some friend let us know his precise majority. We'll bet no body knows but Hulbert, and we will give him two "*pinter pups*" to tell.

THE SOUTHERN HOME JOURNAL.—The Southern Home Journal should be liberally supported by the friends of Southern literature. It is published at Baltimore, Md., by John T. Slater. Subscription $3 per annum.

Mrs. Winstanley's great story, entitled "The Peasant Girl," also, the "Cruise of the Six Hundred," by Maj. W. W. Goldsborough, in which he gives an account of the sufferings endured by six hundred Confederate officers, sent in 1864 from Fort Delaware to Gen. Foster's department South for retaliatory purposes, both of which may be had in the Home Journal.

SAVANNAH DAILY ADVERTISER.—The first number of this new candidate for public favor is to hand. Independent in politics, it will be devoted to the interests of Savannah and the State.

It is neatly gotten up by Beard & Kimball. We welcome it into newspaperdom, and invoke for it a career of usefulness and prosperity.

BARD TO THE REPUBLICANS ON THE ELECTION.—Rejoice, oh! ye Republicans, and be exceeding glad, but—*keep very quiet!*

This is the English of the editorial of the morning.

THE ALABAMA CLAIMS.—The Government has not received any official notice of the reference of the Alabama claims to a commission of sixteen, and the reference of questions of international law arising therefrom to the Emperor of Russia or the King of Prussia, as stated in a Cable dispatch recently. It is not doubted, if Minister Johnson had signed that protocol or any other looking to the final settlement of the controversy, that the State department would have been advised of any such action immediately, and in all probability before the news-gatherers of England could have become possessed of a knowledge of the existence of the agreement. In official circles the dispatch is regarded as a canard. That Minister Johnson, has, however, made effective efforts for the satisfactory settlement of the Alabama difficulty is no longer a matter of mere speculation, and that a protocol will directly be agreed upon is believed. Mr. Johnson himself expected, when he left this country, to have the basis of a settlement agreed on with the British Government in sixty or ninety days after his arrival in England, and in a letter of recent date, to a personal friend, he expresses confidence in an immediate consummation of his expectations. As to the satisfactory agreement, though he regrets that the matter has been delayed somewhat beyond the time within which he originally believed the protocol would be signed.—*Cincinnati Commercial.*

The Spanish Revolution.

Entry of Prim Into Madrid.

The Daily News correspondent, writing on the 7th, says:

I have witnessed many popular demonstrations, both in England and on the continent, but I never saw one that could bear comparison with the welcome offered by the people of this city to General Prim to-day. In the numbers who were concerned and in the excitement and enthusiasm which was displayed, it was quite unique, and I am at a loss to find language in which to convey to your readers any idea of the grandeur of the spectacle which it presented. The loftiest words, the most eloquent periods, would hardly do justice to the scene, and probably the safest plan for me to pursue will be to describe in as simple terms as possible what, as far as I witnessed or am informed, actually occurred. Once for all, though, let me say that the reception of Serrano, flattering as that must have been to the victor of Alcolea, was as nothing to the welcome offered to Prim; and there cannot possibly be any question that, with the people of Madrid at all events, the latter is altogether the most popular man of the day.

The most noticeable thing about the crowd in the streets was the quietness, order, and regularity of its its proceedings, and the absence of all rough humor or horse play, such as it is the habit of English crowds to indulge in when they are long kept waiting for any spectacle. There appeared to be no "chaff;" there was certainly no ponneting, no joatling, no rushing about in groups or lines, to the annoyance and irritation of men and the alarm and distress of women. The behavior of the people yesterday through the long hours of waiting was of a piece with their conduct all through the revolution—quiet, orderly, and discreet to an extreme. Yet it was not a dull crowd. There was plenty or lively and animated conversation; many a hearty congratulation, and many a lively jest were exchanged among its members; and all countenances wore the bright, cheerful look of hope and expectation, instead of the dull, sad gaze of doubt, suspicion, and alarm which they wore when I first came to Madrid.

The Times correspondent says: "No police were out, no attempt at control or direction was made. The throng, organized or unorganized, was left to make its own way as it could." Yet there was gayety and quaintness, and even beauty and sublimity, in all that wonderful cram, something irresistibly catching in the animation of that vast sea of heads, something unspeakably thrilling in that prodigious confusion of inspiriting strains, in that incessant whirlwind of frantic shouts. I never saw a populace in such terrible earnest. This is the first day on which the Madrid people seemed to me really conscious of freedom; the first day on which they appeared to realize to its full extent the change that promises to make them men. There was its own share of fun and drollery, doubtless; but on the whole the multitude was bent on a real demonstration of love and hatred; the thoughts of the dynasty which had forged their chains, and of the liberator who had broken them, were uppermost in every man's mind. This was, indeed, the last day of the Bourbon domination.

The Daily News correspondent thus describes Prim:

Hats and handkerchiefs were waving from every window and every balcony, and we knew that the hero of the hour, the idol of the people, was drawing near. On they came—a brilliant group—beneath the triumphal arch, and along the richly decorated and densely crowded street. Prim, on a chestnut horse, with rich scarlet harness—a small, hardy-looking man, with a bright, keen glance, sitting low in his saddle, bowing right and left in acknowledgment of the rapturous greetings of the people—not outwardly too much elated, but his face flushed and his eyes flashing with justifiable pride and satisfaction. On his bridle hand rides Serrano, Duc de la Torre, in full military uniform—proud, sedate, and soldierly; and behind and before are a numerous staff, whose utmost exertions are required to keep the people from crowding round Prim's horse, and hopelessly impeding his progress. Now and then that impetuous little hero seems disposed to ride forward among the crowd, which is so dense in front that women are screaming, and children in arms have to be handed into the window of the houses; but his friends judge better than he does what would be the consequences of such a movement, and he is held back now by one and now by another until those whose duty it is to do so have cleared a passage for him. Wreaths are showered upon him from every balcony; impulsive ladies waste good cambric by dropping it among the crowd; and men and women alike are shouting till they are hoarse. Prim wore the undress uniform of a general officer, with the stars of his order of knighthood. It is said that while he was in Catalonia, some patriot, more impulsive than discreet, noticed that he still carried the royal crown on his cap, and asked him why he did not remove it. The answer was short but significant. "I am not," said Prim, "warring against royalty, but against the Bourbons." Slowly, and with much difficulty, the General made his way in to Puerta del Sol, now crowded with people and only half illumined by the last rays of the setting sun; and when his presence became known there went up from that vast mass of people a shout so earnest, so loud, so deep, as has never before been heard in Madrid, and within the experience of living man may never be heard again—"Viva Prim!"—repeated again and again. It was like the voice of a giant; and it was the voice of a giant—but a giant that had proved that he could be merciful as he was strong; a giant that had overthrown his enemies without cruelty or bloodshed; a giant that had changed the whole order of things without half an hour of disturbance or an instant of disorder. That giant was the people of Madrid; and at this moment they may be said to have taken Prim in their giant arms and hugged him to their giant breast. Small though the hero seemed in presence of that mighty crowd—small enough almost to be the "Jack" of the old story—he had no reason to fear the embrace; and his port rose, and his quick, eager glance flashed brighter and brighter as the shouts swelled around him, and men and women pressed forward to kiss his hand or touch the saddle-cloth of his horse. It was a proud moment—a prouder no man, however high in rank, can ever hope to experience.

A Lesson from History.

From the Columbus Sun.]

An European letter writer recently put in print the following assertion:

"The Hungarians enjoy now-a-days, more liberty than any other nation on the continent. They are now witnessing at their theatres performances of scenes from the war of 1848-9, which are represented on a scale of extraordinary magnitude and with a great deal of display."

Yet for twenty years the Hungarians were the most oppressed people of Europe. For daring to make fight in defense of their constitutional privileges they were overrun and enslaved by the superi npower of Austria. Scenes of cruelt were enacted within the borders of their country that shocked the moral sense of the civilized world, and stood without a counterpart until Radicalism established five military despotisms in the South, and sent five malignant and unscrupulous satraps to run them. The horrors visited upon the people of Hungary after the revolution of 1848, were never approached, until Meade with his detectives and sweat-boxes drove them into ignominious obscurity in 1868. The leaders of the Hungarian people were driven into banishment just as John Pope desired to drive all of the intelligent and virtuous men of his district. Some sought safety in exile, others served out long terms of imprisonment. The people of Hungary so soon as they laid down their arms were deprived of all political privileges, and denied all personal rights. They lived under the rule of the sword and bayonet, and the world had almost forgotten that there was such a place as Hungary, and that the Hungarian people had left the record of bright deeds upon the pages of its history. Austria had subdued her rebels, she ruled them with cruelty and exhausted the ingenuity of cowardice to find means to torture and degrade them.

If our readers will just make the change of a few words, the picture will appear familiar to them in every appointment and detail. Hungary suffered with fortitude as she had fought with courage and devotion. In the meantime, Austria, bloated with success, crossed swords with the Emperor of the French. The combat was brief but bloody, and the dispoiler and oppressor of Hungary went from the field humiliated. Writhing under the pangs of defeat and punishment, in a moment of rashness, she sought to regain her prestige by polishing off Prussia. The result is fresh in the recollection of all. Barely escaping with crown, life and empire, Austria was glad to subside into the peaceful security of a back seat among the powers of the world. Then began to dawn the day of deliverance to Hungary. For twenty years she had suffered in silence but in hope. Her sublime faith and fortitude were rewarded, for in a short twelve month her old constitution, the rights, franchise and privileges of her people were restored. Her defenseless men, helpless women and innocent children were no longer exposed to the brutality of Austrian military governors and their soldiery. Now we learn that such is the freedom of Hungary, that at her theatres are produced military dramas and spectacles founded upon the incidents of her struggles of twenty years ago.

Is there not in all this a lesson full of hope to us? We do not desire to dramatize the scenes or deeds of our revolution, as the Northern versions of them are now dramatised, to rekindle the passions of the populace. They have gone down to history and are embalmed in our hearts and memories. But we want political privileges restored. We desire to have the Constitution under which we were born and reared, and in defense of whose principles we shed seas of blood and spent millions of money, restored to the only people who ever respected and obeyed its provisions. These things will come so sure as the world revolves. But we must possess our souls in patience and resolve, as Hungary did, to suffer and endure and wait for the Nemesis of Nations.

About Wheat Growing.

Let all our farmers "put their best foot forward" in getting wheat this fall; begin to plough immediately after the gathering into the barns is over with. Plough deep, and if possible follow the plough with a subsoiler, and stir up the ground from the bottom. Sod ground that has already been ploughed had better not be ploughed again; but harrow the seed in thoroughly. Sow with a drill if one can possibly be had. Two acres of wheat will very likely pay for one, and once obtained it will last a lifetime if properly treated with a good shelter.

Above all things see that thorough drainage is provided for. Sow early that the fall growth may be a mulching for the winter though care should be taken by pasturage to prevent too much growth. If the soil is poor give it a top dressing with manure late in the fall. This will serve the double purpose of winter protection and fertilization. For this purpose, if necessary, dig out the soil around the barn-hog pen, etc., spread it over the wheat field, and supply its place with any old stuff that will rot and take up liquid manure during the winter. Even if your soil is pretty good be not afraid of the top dressing. It is remarkable how little protection will save plants from the freezings of the winter and spring. The dressing will give the plants an early start in the spring, and it will make your soul rejoice to enjoy the beauty and the promise of its early green.

Our English exchanges contain the report of a Commission appointed by Sir Dominick Daly, late Governor of South Australia, to enquire into the causes of rust in wheat, in consequence of the frightful deficiency of the wheat crop, principally from red and black rust, in 1867. We condense the following paragraphs from the London Field:

The Commission appear to have fully satisfied themselves that red rust has an origin external to the plant; the spores or true seeds are absorbed through the stomata, and not taken by the roots and carried up in the sap. Heat and humidity appear the conditions required to give life and activity to the sporioles; moisture and heat induce rapid growth and a proportionate opening of the pores; moreover, moisture may be necessary for the motions of the seed. In 1867, rust prevailed upon all kinds of land, thus completely upsetting the theory that it was caused by over-cropping, and that crops on good land and well manured were less liable. On the contrary, the richest land, as a rule, suffered most, and in many cases the best crops were reaped from the poorest natural soils, and from those most exhausted by frequent cropping. The explanation is that over-luxuriance does not denote vigor; forced vegetation suffers more from sudden changes of the weather. The pores being unusually open, entrance is easy, and the thick, flaggy crop remains damp, and does not dry so rapidly as thin, small wheat; hence, rich soils and high farming, instead of reducing, increase the tendency of this disease. Analysis of the rust and the shrivelled wheat have demonstrated that the former is rich in mineral matter at the expense of the grain.

Seeking for causes, the Commission carefully considered the question of seed. The replies were generally coincident. With a few exceptions, short strawed and moderate yielding sorts were far less liable than strong, prolific varieties. Seed imported from distant localities was quite as much affected as old seed. Change of seed is, no doubt, desirable, but should come from countries in the same latitude, and from a poorer soil to a richer one. Shrivelled and musty seed will produce healthy and abundant crops. The evidence was particularly strong on this point. Not content with the observations of farmers alone, the Commission got Dr. Schemburgk to experiment upon a number of samples, some the very worst that were procurable. The thinnest grain germinated as rapidly as the plumpest, and, though slightly weaker on first appearing, it soon pulled up and was equally vigorous.

The subject of pickling wheat occupies considerable attention. Experiments in Australia as well as here prove that pickling does not protect against red rust; but the Commission evidently attach considerable importance to the operation, and prefer the plan of soaking the seed in the solution for seven or eight hours. Sulphuric acid has been much approved of; four ounces of sulphuric acid diluted with as much water as the wheat will take up, is used for eight bushels of seed; one pound of milk or flour of sulphur, ten gallons of water, with twice its weight of fresh—slacked hot lime, is also named. Although the evidence as to the efficacy of stubble burning is conflicting, the Committee recommended the practice, under the impression that a portion of the fungus spores will be destroyed.

The most important paragraph in this able report refers to the exhaustation of the soil, which is becoming but too manifest in certain districts. The continued growth of wheat year after year is robbing the soil of phosphates and alkalies, and, unless an alteration is made, the time is not far distant when certain soils will cease to grow a crop at all.

WRITERS OF ADVERTISEMENTS.—It is recorded as something marvellous that Dunan Maurice, a French journalist, who recently died, did nothing for several years but write advertisements, and that he frequently received for a single advertisement $500. It is not a week since we saw a well known New York journalist receive $50 for writing a medical advertisement which would not occupy more than a quarter of a column in the Express, and we have known the same writer to frequently receive from $300 to $400 per week for advertisements that would not cover more than two columns of an ordinary newspaper. In this wide-awake city $100 for an advertisement that will "tell" is not considered any too liberal an amount. And as to doing nothing but writing advertisements, like Mons. Mousseaux, there are dozens of capable men in this country who adhere to that business altogether. It is a profession here—one that requires great skill and tact, too.—*New York Evening Express.*

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES

FROM WASHINGTON.

Latest Election Returns.

Negroes Again Assembling.

They are Armed with U. S. Muskets.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—Gen Canby will also act as Assistant Commissioner of the Freedman's Bureau for Texas.

Gen. Meade telegraphs Gen Grant that the election passed off quietly throughout his Department except at Augusta, where the military suppressed the disturbances, and at Savannah, where the police restored quiet.

Schenck and Morgan have decided for no session this month.

The debt statement, which appears to-morrow, it is stated, will show a decrease of four millions.

The Secretary of War has departed for West Point, to be absent for a week.

The Freedman's Bureau, except as regards education, has ceased in this District.

The evening papers deny the rumors of a change in the Secretaryship of the Treasury.

Reynolds will resume command of his regiment on the 26th inst., and be stationed at Austin.

Missouri gives Gen. Grant about 20,000 majority.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 5.—The steamship Japan has sailed for Hong Kong with seven hundred and eighty thousand dollars in treasure.

The Republicans claim California by 1,000 to 15,000. Auxtell, Democrat, is elected to Congress.

Nevada gives 1,000 Republican majority and sends Fits, Republican, to Congress.

Both parties claim Oregon.

MONTGOMERY, Nov. 5.—No official returns have yet been received of the election in this State.

The registration voting in the negro counties was unusually full, while the white counties in many instances had no opportunity of registering.

The Legislature is still without a quorum.

WILMINGTON, Nov. 5.—Returns thus far show a Democratic gain in nearly all the counties, but is not thought sufficient to overcome the Radical majority of 20,000. Shober, Conservative, is certainly elected to Congress from the 6th district. Partial returns from the 7th district indicate the election of Durham, Conservative.

RICHMOND, Nov. 5.—Belvue Hospital was destroyed by fire to-day.

AUGUSTA, Nov. 5.—Returns from forty-five counties show a Democratic majority of 24,000. Eighty-seven counties to hear from. The Democrats claim the State by 40,000 majority.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 5.—Returns from a few country parishes received. In some districts the vote was as great as in the city. St. James, St. Charles, St. John, Concordia, West Baton Rouge, West Feliciana, and Iberville parishes, and Algiers, opposite New Orleans, give Republican majorities. Claiborne parish, with only 1,100 white voters on old registry, give 2,900 majority. St. Helena parish, with the same disparity in registry, gives over 1,000 Democratic majority. Corrected Democratic majority in this city, 23,600. The entire Congressional delegation elected.—Democratic majority in the State not far from 30,000.

SAVANNAH, Nov. 5.—The negroes disbanded last night, but are again assembling at Taliaferro's plantation. They are said to have United States muskets, evidently newly furnished. The excitement in the city continues. Citizens are on the alert for any alarm. Hopes are entertained that no collision will occur. Every precaution has been taken by the civil and military authorities to prevent it. Young Law, who was killed by the negroes on the night of the election, was buried to-day—very large funeral.

Another policeman died this evening, who was shot at the riot.

CHARLESTON, Nov. 5.—The returns from this State come in slowly. Anderson, Greenville, Spartansburg, Lexington, Newberry, Oconee and Pickens counties give large Democratic majorities. In Abbeville the contest is close and result doubtful.

Columbia gives 258 Republican majority. From the seaboard counties, which form the Republican stronghold, the returns come in very slowly.

It is impossible to state the general result in the State with any certainty, but the indications are that the Republicans have carried it by a reduced majority.

The Democrats claim to have elected two Congressmen.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, Nov. 4.—Cotton less active; sales 16,000 at 25¼. Flour—State and Western dull and heavy; superfine 5 80a5 25; extra 6 40a6 45; Southern dull and declining; common to fair extra 8 00a8 75. Wheat 2c4 lower during the day. Corn unchanged. Oats lower. Pork lower, but more active at 26 37½a26 75. Lard heavy; steam 15a17½; kettle 17¼a17¾. Whisky quiet and nominal. Rice dull. Sugar firm; Muscovado 11¾a12¾. Coffee steady. Naval stores quiet and unchanged. Freights on grain have declined. Governments excited and declining; 68's 6½; Tennessee's, new 66¾; North Carolina's 64¾, new 55. Money very stringent at 7, with ¼a½ commission added; sterling heavy and closed at 9¾a9¾; gold steady at 32¾. Governments fluctuated violently and closed weak, after much excitement and heavy sales at a sacrifice early in the day. Stocks recovered from the panic but declined again. Market closed heavy and unsettled.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 5.—Breadstuffs dull without material change. Bacon active; shoulders 13¾a13¾.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 5.—Flour heavy at 5 25a5 50. Corn dull at 80a87. Pork dull at 29 25. Bacon firm; shoulders 14; clear sides 18½a18¾. Whisky 1 03.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 5.—Cotton easier at opening; middling 23¾; sales 4,500; receipts 3,427.—Gold 33¾. Sterling 44¼a45¼. New York sight ¼ discount. Sugar firm and in fair demand; prime 14½; yellow clarified 15a15½. Molasses firm; fair 80; choice 88a92. Flour dull and lower; superfine 6 50; treble extra 7 50. Corn—supply light; new 85a90; old 1 10. Oats quiet at 60. Hay market nearly bare; 31 00. Pork quiet and firm at 34 25. Bacon nearly bare; prices firm; shoulders 14¾a15; rib 18¾a19; clear 20. Lard—supply light; tierce 19; keg 21. Coffee firm; prime Rio 16¾a16¾; fair 14½.

MOBILE, Nov. 5.—Sales cotton 1,000 bales; middling 23½; receipts 367; exports yesterday and to-day 3,680.

AUGUSTA, November 5.—Market dull; middlings 23a23¾; sales 176 bales; receipts 445 bales.

WILMINGTON, November 5.—Spirits of Turpentine 40a40½. Rosin 1 60a6 25. Crude Turpentine 3 65. Cotton 23¾ for middlings.

CHARLESTON, November 5.—Cotton active; middlings 24; sales 850 bales; receipts to-day 1,283 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,178 bales, coastwist 1,267 bales.

SAVANNAH, November 5.—Cotton closed easier; middlings 23¾a24; sales 600 bales; receipts 2,734 bales; exports coastwise 1,733 bales.

JASPER COUNTY.—Monticello box gives Seymour 533 and Grant 5.

A LIZARD FOUND IN A WOMAN'S STOMACH.—On Monday last, we were shown a phial containing a living lizard, which, it is supposed, had been in a woman's stomach for nearly two years. Dr. Middleton, of Elora, had been attending a married woman for about eighteen months. She was troubled with a gnawing sensation in the stomach, and sometmes a jumping or palpitating there! her appetite was irregular, at times totally gone. Tonics and other medicines were given, but they afforded no relief. On Sunday last a live lizard passed away. It is needless to say that the woman got immediate relief, and is now rapidly improving in health. The lizard is about four inches long, and exactly like those seen in Canadian swamps, beautifully spotted with black on an orange ground, and was active and lively.—*North Wellington (Canada) Times.*

GEN. MCCLELLAN.—We learn from the Newark Courier that General George B McClellan has got a good position. The executors of the E. A. Stevens' estate have employed him at an annual salary of $10,000 a year to superintend the completion of the famous Stevens' battery at Hoboken, and which when afloat is to be tendered as a free gift to the State of New Jersey. The General will have a splendid opportunity to develope that engineering skill of which he is the undoubted possessor.

Georgia Election Returns.

Counties.	Vote. Seymour.	Vote. Grant.	Majorities. Seymour.	Majorities. Grant.
Appling				
Bartow	1,473	668	805	
Bryan				
Bullock				
Butts				
Bibb	2,918	2,194		724
Burke				
Baldwin				
Berrien				
Brooks				926
Baker				70
Banks				
Cherokee				
Cobb	1,634	513	1,121	
Camden				
Charlton				
Clinch				
Coffee				
Chattahoochee				
Catoosa	447	194	253	
Chattooga				
Clayton	493	193	268	
Chatham			2,325	
Crawford				
Columbia				
Clay				
Colquitt				
Calhoun				
Campbell				
Carroll				
Coweta				30
Clarke				
Dawson				
Dade				
DeKalb	1,092	187	895	
Dooly				
Decatur				180
Dougherty			150	
Echols				
Effingham				
Emanuel				
Elbert				
Early				
Fannin				
Fayette				
Fulton	2,813	2,479	334	
Floyd	1,595	591	934	
Forsyth	696	305	391	
Franklin				
Gilmer				
Glynn				
Gordon	894	307	587	
Glasscock				
Greene				
Gwinnett			825	
Harris			214	
Henry	1 065	420	145	
Houston			1,006	
Hancock				
Hart				
Haralson				
Heard	647	344	303	
Habersham				
Hall				
Irwin				
Jefferson				
Johnson				
Jasper	1 297	3	1,294	
Jones	423	00	423	
Jackson				
Lumpkin			170	
Liberty				
Lincoln				
Laurens				
Lowndes			198	
Lee				
Milton				
Marion			600	
Muscogee			500	
Murray				
Meriwether				
McIntosh				
Montgomery				
Macon	804	786	18	
Monroe			500	
Madison				
Morgan	635	1,046		411
Miller				
Mitchell			565	
Newton	1,528	922	606	
Oglethorpe	849	116	733	
Pierce				
Pike	1 027	249	778	
Putnam	645	951		306
Pulaski			771	
Paulding				
Polk				
Quitman				
Richmond	2,753	3,128		375
Rabun				
Randolph			860	
Schley	416	67	347	
Spalding	998	871	127	
Scriven				
Stewart				
Sumter			1,010	
Towns				
Talbot			850	
Taylor	718	345	373	
Troup	1,601	652	949	
Tatnall				
Twiggs				
Taliaferro	519	187	332	
Terrell			700	
Telfair				
Thomas				169
Union				
Upson	813	776	37	
Ware				
Wayne				
Walker				
Whitfield	936	651	285	
Washington				
Warren				
Wilkes	1,332	86	1,246	
Wilkinson				
Webster				
Wilcox				
Worth				
Walton	1,083	382	701	
White				

GOLD AND SILVER WEDDINGS.—These were celebrations once general in some parts of Germany. The silver wedding occurred only on the twenty-fifth anniversary, and most people could celebrate that; but to be fifty years married was a sort of event in a family. The house was quite covered with garlands, and the neighbors from far and near were assembled, the ancient pair, dressed in their wedding dresses, walked in procession with music to the church, and the priest married them over again, and preached such a sermon that every one had tears in their eyes.—There was a dinner, too, and dancing and singing, and in the evening there was no end to the noise and shouting when they drove off together for the second time, as bride and bridegroom!

Candidate for Mayor.

We are authorized to announce **Col. JAMES M. CALHOUN** a candidate for Mayor of the city of Atlanta, at the December election. Subject to the action of the Democratic party.

New Advertisements.

THEATRE!

Lesse and Manager.....J. V. GILBERT
Stage Manager.....G. W. HARRISON
Treasurer.....J. M. GILBERT

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 6th, 1868

FAREWELL BENEFIT TO

Miss Charlotte Thompson!

On which occasion she will appear as

ALICE,
—IN—
RICH AND POOR!!

To-Morrow Night Last Appearance of Miss Thompson.

SCALE OF PRICES:

Orchestra Chairs.....$1 00
Dress Circle and Parquet.....75
Family Circle.....50
Colored Gallery.....50
Private Boxes.....$5 00 and 6 00

nov6

THE BEST STOCK FEED IS PEA MEAL. For sale by
MOORE & MOORE,
nov6-d1w Broad Street, Opposite P. O.

Cottage for Sale.

A COMFORTABLE COTTAGE, situated on the corner of Rawson and Farmwait streets, in a best neighborhood in the city, with Four Rooms, a good Kitchen, Wash House, Bath House, Garden and an unsurpassed Well of Water, will be sold on accommodating terms for cash, or exchanged for a small farm near Atlanta. Apply to
G. W. ADAIR, or
nov6-4t *Era* copy. A. B. RAGAN.

Notice.

ALL persons are hereby forewarned against trading for a Note given to R. K. Goodwin & Co., for $100 00, dated October 7th, 1868, as we will not pay said note unless forced to do so by law.
CLARKE & WILLIAMS.
nov6-d3t Columbus, Ga.

FOR SALE.

ONE of the parties wishing to move from the city, will sell a half-interest in a thriving drug business; or, to suit purchasers, the whole interest might be bought. For particulars, address key box 332.
nov6-3t

Attention, Brick Masons!

GOOD wages will be given for a few weeks to a half-dozen brick masons.
Apply immediately, in person, to
W. M. REYNOLDS,
nov6-3t Newnan, Ga.

Atlanta Merchants!

ABOUT the 15th inst. the "GRIFFIN HERALD" will appear in an entirely new dress, and 1,000 extra copies will be issued for gratuitous distribution. A splendid time to begin your advertisement.
Rates exceedingly moderate.
Address ADAM CHRISTIAN,
nov6 Griffin, Ga.

20 DS. 10 WORLD!

THE BEST IN THE WORLD!

STONE & MURRAY'S

CIRCUS!

(Formerly Stone, Hosston & Murray's)

Will Exhibit in Atlanta!!

Monday, November 9th, '68,

AFTERNOON AND NIGHT.

The Leading Circus in the World!

Unparagoned in Splendor!

THE established reputation of this Circus is too well known to require an elaborate description. Look at the grand array of Sensational Riders, Emotional Gymnasts, Phenomenal Acrobats, the most wonderful in the universe.

M'DLLE JEANETTE,

The graceful and dashing Parisian Equestrienne, the most brilliant and daring lady rider ever seen. Her first season in America.

THE GREAT JOHN HENRY,

The superb defiance champion Equestrian and Thaumaturgic Artiste, late Director of the Circus Napoleon, Paris. His first season in America.

LEJEUNE BURTE, the premier bareback Roman, champion rider of the world.

MURRAY AND HUTCHISON, the premier Acrobats, the originators of a new style of novel performances.

THE ROLLANDE BROTHERS, the peerless Sensational Gymnasts.

GEORGE COOKE, the noted English Comic Character Rider—first season in America.

Mr. DEN. STONE, the skillful Director of the and Popular Humorist, and

Mr. FRED. MAY, the merry Monarch of Mirth and Favorite Jester, will preside in the Department of Mirth.

Mr. HARRY NORTH, the most expert Rider in the world.

Mr. BURT JOHNSON, the champion Leaper Vaulter.

Mr. GEORGE MURRAY, the Grotesque Indian.

Mr. ROBERT JOHNSON, the remarkable Caricatist.

HERR LUDORFF, the amazing Equilibrist.

WM. ARMSTRONG, the Classic Gymnastrian.

The chief attachees will be aided by a large force of Auxiliary Talent, consisting of the Sigs. Morrasti and Kertignes; Mons. Marcelle Ducrolx; Herrs Wetzlar, Pointis and Bishofen; Messrs. Bywick, Forrest, Master Victors Freddie, Clarance and Walter, in the forming

THE MOST BRILLIANT

CIRCUS TROUPE IN THE WORLD!

Actually embracing more talent than any two companies in this country possess.

Prof. Geo. P. Hutchinson's Wonderful and Sagacious

ACTING DOGS,

AND

DEN. STONE'S JOCKEY HORSE

Are fixed features with this Circus, and their marksole portrayals of Animal Instinct will continue to afford rich themes for amusement.

STONE & MURRAY.

Advertise only such attractions as actually belong to their Circus, and do not magnify the merits of their Troupe when they claim that

No Exhibition in the World

CAN EQUAL IT!

STONE'S CIRCUS has been secured by special rules of Railroad Companies exclusively by Rail, therefore no delay. The public by a special train at immense expense, will be conveyed at immense expense, and drawn by horses from the depot to the Show Ground. The Advertised Grand Parade of empty wagons, with Band of Music in the place of the usual Parade of this Circus are

Don't get the Time!

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 9th

MORNING!

N. B.—STONE & MURRAY'S CIRCUS will therefore be exhibited exclusively by Rail, the public by a special train will be conveyed at immense expense, and drawn by horses from the depot to the Show Ground. The Advertised Grand Parade of empty wagons, with Band of Music in the place of the usual Parade of this Circus are

The Daily Constitution.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, NOVEMBER 6.

THE CITY.

OUR AGENTS.

COLE STEWART, News Dealer, is our authorized Agent at Rome, Ga.

A. K. EVANS, Albany News, is our agent at Albany, Ga.

H. M. HAMMETT, Marietta, Ga.
FRANK S. BURKE, Americus, Ga.
NORMAN M'DUFFEE, Hawkinsville, Ga.
J. G. TILLMAN, Hogansville, Ga.
W. H. WOODS, Barnesville, Ga.
J. C. BRADNAX, Newnan, Ga.
W. E. ROLAND, Talbotton.
Capt. JAMES P. HARRISON, Dahlonega, Ga.
S. M. PETTINGILL & Co., New York and Philadelphia, are authorized to receive and receipt for subscriptions and advertisements for THE CONSTITUTION at our regular rates.

Y. M. D. C.

AT 7 O'CLOCK SATURDAY EVENING.

Every member be present. Matters of importance to consider and act upon.

By order of the President.

C. W. GODFREY, Secretary.

THEATRICAL.—The audience last night was quite as large and select as any of the season. East Lynne was the play, and Miss Charlotte Thompson as Lady Isabel, was superb. Mr. Grey, Mr Subn and Mrs. Cole we have never seen act so we. "Then you'll remember me" was sung most sweetly by Bettie Grey. RICH AND POOR is the peramme for to night. We have never seen tisplay performed, but understand Miss Thompson appears to great advantage in it.

TALLEY AN SISSON, at W. W. Chapman's, have on hand a large lot of Fine, Fancy Plaids, Merino's, Empres Cloths, Alpaccas and other dress goods.

Go to Talley and Sisson's and look at their *Plaids*—the largest lot in the city.

TALLEY AND SISSON have the largest lot of Prints in the cit Also, a large lot of Bleached and Brown Homespuns.

MESSRS. TALLY & SISSON have another fresh arrival of fine goods for the Ladies. See notice.

MRS. J. FRANK, opposite the City Park, has on hand a well sected stock of Ladies' goods, and is offering bargas to the ladies. Call and see her.

ATLANTA CLASSICAL COLLEGE.—We attended the Annual Comencement of this Institution yesterday. The exercises were held in the hall of the House of Representatives. There was a large and intelligent audience, composed principally of ladies. The following order was observed:

Prayer by Rev. R. K. Porter. Music. Salutatory, by Miss Georgia F. Dow. Reading of compositions as follows: Monas. Institutions, by Miss Mary T. Marshall; Depting Summer, by Mrs. Minerva P. Bell; "Panama of Life," by Miss Mary V. Brown; Every in the Architect of His own Fortune, by Miss Vginia E. Chamberlain; Banks are the Mighty Reeds of the Past, by Miss Georgia F. Downs; "A Qrrel with Everybody," by Miss Lillie Gillespie Valedictory, by Mrs. Minerva P. Bell, (electedy the class); Degrees conferred by the Presiden Address to the Graduating Class, by Col. E. Y. Clarke; Farewell Song, by the Class; Benediction.

The above mentioned young ladies, six in number, received the First Degree in English Literature.

On the right of the stage stated the banner of the Calliopean Society; one left, that of the Adelphia, while they were graced with beautiful pictures in paint, acil, moss, etc., the work of those pupils who has distinguished themselves in these accomplishments.

At intervals the audience was regaled with most excellent music by the 33 band attached to the headquarters of Genl Meade. Every one must have been struck with the splendid performance of this band.

The compositions read by the young ladies gave evidence of talent well aped, and we regret the lack of space precludes the possibility of an extended notice. The annexed was read by Miss Kirkland, to which we give preference, more particularly because of its brevity. contains much food for reflection. Candor, however, compels us to say that our young friend is, think, mistaken in the general motive which actuates those of either sex who embrace a monastic life. There are thousands in convents and monasteries who have never had the "ruling passion" the creator Him who filled to save the world:

MONASTIC INSTITUTIONS.—The great Creator has endowed his creature man with a social nature, which renders him most happy and most useful while living in community, neighborhoods and families; yet the Fall, materially interfered with this divine arrangement for the human family. The social affections are prevented from pursuing their natural channels by a variety of causes, partly under and partly beyond our control.

The passion of love, which in its holiest exercise, lays the foundation for friendships and the association of the family circle, is often disappointed or checked, and such is the weakness of the spiritual organization of many natures that the above the checks or disapointments which passion receives in early life is sor of above the impossibility. It is in this weakness of human nature, coupled with religious error and misunderstanding of certain passages of the Scriptures, that monastic institutions first took their rise.

In addition to this weakness of nature, against the trials and disappointments of that strongest passion of our nature, the derangement society, arising from the fall whereby inordinate love has been placed upon the family circle, has led many to the establishment of the monastery or convent, in order that they might be the better able render to the families or communities such assistance as their pressing necessities of sickness or poverty may demand. In these institutions, therefore, we have so often received the censure of the world, there is much room for Pation and some justification for the r existence. These institutions were, during the dark ages, the depositories of learning. Their labors were full as great before the art of printing was invented as the spirit of charity and of mercy will always be, in every retirement where poverty, or disease, or the number their victims; or those who may have been disappointed in the passion in early life will ever desire refuge from the harsh judgment or the bitter sneers of the cold calculating world. The gaying of Rome is so fond of pleasure that she would, may, herself, in later life, have found it a thing would be so desirable as a lodging place—somewhere she might, in solitude, while away the wearisome hours of life.

It is vain to attempt to entirely crush out the passions which actuate men or women to seek for union.

That can be hoped for is to direct the disordered and of the disposition, so that its more congenial, where marriage may be accomplished without society may be accomplished without violence to nature, and the real wants of the human heart well supplied.

These channels are civilization and progress point. They are not, however, the "Widow's Society." They are the school room bestowed upon the sick, feeble and the aged. 'Tis not in woman's calculation to wield the battle-axe and the life-destroying instruments of war, but to bind the wounds and soothe the pain of the dying. 'Tis not for her to go from town to town transacting business and mingling with the everlasting, all absorbing topics of the day, but to remain at home and perform the duties of home and of that place to which the husband will delight to return at eve, where the cares and vexations of the day may be forgotten.

I say to you, one and all: seek not the convent to hide your grief, but

"Be up and doing
With a heart for every fate,
Still achieving, still pursuing,
Learn to labor and to wait."

THE closing composition was read by the Annual Commencement of the Atlanta College by Miss Lillie Gillespie, Atlanta, Ga. It is full of humor and abounds in

EVERYBODY.—I trust the answer to this subject will not awaken in any heart a querulous old maid, as she is not yet deep in the years when she might, living alone, as all would, was, on one of those

much provoked with the servants generally and pacing the floor from room to room, she met Jane, an innocent little negress. She gave her a "slap over," and with the act exclaimed: "Well, I'll slap you over if I never strike another negro!" So it is with us, if we can't be avenged on the guilty we must needs take the innocent, though the latter class is seldom found, for all are guilty of something. But what character or class shall I select for my first quarrel. Of course my teachers will receive the first scolding on account of the long dry lessons they've been addling our brains with all summer. Never mind; we are "free now." See who will trouble themselves hereafter with Trigonometry and Intellectual Philosophy. I will tell you, in confidence—of course you'll never mention it. I do most sincerely pity the next Senior Class. The way they'll have to study there's no fun in it. But jesting aside, I really think our respected President deserves a scolding on account of that odious "Iron rule." We've been holding our tongues so long I'm afraid we'll astonish all Gotham with our chattering. For the last eight months every time we'd meet a real nice young man, we'd want to speak so much that very frequently we'd do it anyhow. But when we did woe to the unlucky girl, for just at that instant our learned President would poke his head out of some convenient window or pass her with a frown that would make her heart quake with terror, while every step would seem to echo the "Eleventh rule." Perhaps Mr. M., doesn't like to be lectured in this style, but he must remember the many lectures he's given us, especially the one after a little excursion to Stone Mountain. Now, friends, don't you think you could be better employed than in listening to the silly effusions of a crowd of school girls? I think you could. No doubt many of you can think of some neglected duty. Many of you gentlemen, I'll wager, have forgotten to go to market. Good house-keepers, have not some of you rather neglected your houses, or, in common parlance, given them "a lick and a promise?" But as you are here I suppose you'll have to stay. Do, I beseech you, don't say after it is all over that you observed a marked similarity in all the compositions and would suppose the same person wrote them all, as a kind friend said last year. Yet we never notice such criticisms. You know anybody can be a critic. And the young men I—well, I scarcely know what to say about them. Language fails to express one-half the contempt and indignation I feel for the so-called "Lords of creation." That we should look up to and adore the coxcombs who seem to have nothing to do, but dressed in their "tailor's best," with ratan flourishing, brass chains dangling and soap locks streaming in the breeze, walk up one street and down another criticizing ladies as they pass. Don't look so guilty, young man; I'm not addressing you, though perhaps the shoe fits rather closely, but, if you ever wish to be respected by the fair sex, take this piece of advice—quit playing the "lady killer," and devote your time and talents to some great and noble task; then you'll gain the respect of all who know you and can perhaps persuade some fair girl to whisper "yes." It is almost unnecessary to say anything about the ladies. We all know they are perfect little angels, never caring anything about the latest styles. Besides, they never flirt. In a word, they are "little saints." But let me tell you one thing they do which I think extremely sensible, they will adopt the "Grecian Bend" in spite of everything. Undismayed by notices in newspapers, and photographs displayed at street corners, they will have it. So the Bend still gains favor. But why should I quarrel with them for this? You'll admit it's extremely ungraceful, yet the ladies think they are adding so much to their beauty, pray don't undeceive them. You know where "ignorance is bliss 'tis folly to be wise." Why is it that in the time of our great grandmothers ladies were so free and easy while now they are so stately? I suppose, in the first place, our grandmothers didn't dress so exquisitely and then they were so unaffected. To find an unaffected lady now is almost as rare as a white black bird. And old bachelors, ugh! how I detest them? Is there anything so contemptible? The idea of any sane man living alone—doing all the patching and darning when there are so many pretty girls willing and ever anxious to do it for them! Girls, let me tell you something. If you want to captivate an old bachelor, be unaffected, amiable, and, above all, dress plainly; for you must know they are more afraid of their purses than anything else. And now for the old maids; but they scarcely deserve a scolding. As we all know very few ladies are old maids from choice, but necessity. I said they didn't deserve a scolding, but they do for being so cross and prim. Oh, I've just thought, perhaps that's the very reason they are old maids. Of one thing you may rest assured, if ever I'm an old maid 'twill be because I couldn't help it. Doubtless many of you have concluded I know how to quarrel. Why, this is nothing to what I can do. Wait until some unlucky man trusts his happiness in my hands—he'll think Mrs. Caudle a novice in the art.

Democratic Central Executive Committee of Fulton County.

COL. R. F. MADDOX, CHAIRMAN.
R. ARNOLD, SECRETARY.
JOHN T. GLEEN,
O. H. BENTLY,
JOSIAH BRADFIELD,
R. P. ZIMMERMAN,
T. L. WELLS,
JOHN THOMAS,
R. MCCASLIN,
THOS. W. CHANDLER,
M. C. BLANCHARD.

Local and Business Notices.

LADIES wishing to buy will do well to call first at Mrs. J. FRANK'S,
nov6d3m Opposite City Park.

FRESH MOBILE OYSTERS at the Georgia Saloon, under the Post Office, AT ALL HOURS.
oct23-dtf E. C. REID.

L. B. DAVIS,
Hartford Live Stock Insurance Co.
L. B. DAVIS,
Notary Public, Atlanta, Georgia,
L. B. DAVIS,
Insurance Agent, Atlanta, Georgia.
mar13—d1y

Special Notices.

☞ LADIES IN WANT OF A FASHIONABLE HAT or Bonnet, at a reasonable price, call at Mrs. J. FRANK'S. All kinds of Ladies' Goods cheap. Opposite City Park.
no6 6d1m

☞ GEORGIA STATE LOTTERY, for the benefit of the Masonic Orphans' Home Combination Class No. 580.—The following were the drawn numbers November 5th, 1868:

44-5-13-29-63-52-39-30-2-59-19-40

nov6-d1t HOWARD & CO., Managers.

☞ WOLFE'S SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS and BOTTLED WINES and LIQUORS.—A large supply of these justly celebrated goods, put up expressly for Medicinal and Private Use, just received and for sale supplied at small advance on Proprietor's prices by REDWINE & FOX, Agents for Atlanta.
dtm

A. K. SEAGO,
Wholesale and Retail Grocer
AND
Commission Merchant,
Corner [illegible] and Mitchell streets.
ATLANTA, GEORGIA,
Charles F. Benson[illegible] ED BY
[illegible] of Aiken, S. C., [illegible]
Jacob H. Smith, Atlanta.
Charlie Kicklighter, Savannah.
Forwarding and Receiving and
John D. Wing, late of [illegible]
Booker.
Master Walter W. Pegg, Colleton.
James A. Smith, late of Effingham County, Ga.
Store-keeper.
Office hours from 6 A. M. to 9 P. M.
nov22-d2w

Special Law Notice.

THE UNDERSIGNED having sufficiently recovered his health to again enter on the practice of his profession, hereby informs the citizens of Atlanta, and the public, that ALL BUSINESS entrusted to his care will receive prompt and careful attention. His residence and address is Atlanta, Ga., and he will practice in ALL THE COURTS OF THIS COUNTY AND CITY, including the

UNITED STATES COURT

For the Northern District of Georgia. Also, in the Courts of adjoining Counties and other places by special contracts. He can be found at Judge Lochrane's office.
oct15-

Action of the Central Executive Committee.

Meetings Appointed for Nomination of Mayor and Aldermen.

ROOMS CENTRAL EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE, Atlanta, Nov. 4, 1868.

At a meeting of the committee, held this day, the following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That the Presidents of the several Ward Democratic Clubs in the city be, and they are hereby requested, to assemble the Democratic voters of their respective Wards, at the places of their Ward meetings, on Tuesday night next, 10th inst., to nominate two suitable candidates for Aldermen.

Resolved, That a Convention of the entire Democracy of the city be called at the City Hall on Saturday the 14th inst., at 11 A. M., to nominate a candidate for the Mayoralty of the City of Atlanta.

Resolved, That the Committee recommend the adoption of the two third rule in the selection of a candidate for Mayoralty.

E. F. MADDOX, Chairman.

R. ARNOLD, Secretary.

Commercial and Financial.

Atlanta Market Report.

ATLANTA, NOV. 6, 1868.

COTTON—The market was quiet yesterday at 22½@23½; receipts light—about 60 bales.

PROVISIONS—We have no change to make in our provision report. Bacon has been unsettled and excited. We do not pretend to give correct quotations. The prices by different parties vary very materially.

GRAIN—Corn is coming in more freely and the price for new is slightly easier.

WHOLESALE PRICES.

BACON—		
Clear Sides		@18½
Clear Ribbed Sides		@18
Plain Hams	18@	19
Canvassed Hams	19@	23
Shoulders	14½@	15
BEESWAX—		
Common		25
Choice Yellow	38@	40
BROOMS—		
Per dozen	3 50 @	5.00
CANDLES—		
Sperm	40 @	45
Adamantine	20 @	21
Tallow	12 @	15
CORN MEAL—		
Country per bushel	1.15@	1.20
COTTON CARDS—		
Per dozen	1 20 @	3 00
COTTON GOODS—		
Threads	2.90 @	2.10
Osnaburgs	18 @	21
4 4 Sheetings		17
¾ Shirtings		13
⅝ Shirtings		11
Drills		17½
Stripes		20
CHESTNUTS	@	3.15
DRIED FRUIT—		
Rough	6 @	8
Peeled	15 @	18
FERTILIZERS—		
Peruvian Guano		@90.00
Reid's Phosphate		@50.00
Patapsco Guano		@75.00
Pure Flour Rawbone		75.00
FLOUR—		
Superfine, per sack of 100 lbs	4.75 @	5 00
Extra do do	5.25 @	5.50
Extra Family do do	5.75 @	6.00
Fancy do do	6.50 @	7.00
GRAIN—		
Corn, White, per bushel	95 @	1.00
Mixed or Yellow	95 @	1.00
Barley	2.40 @	2.60
Rye		1.50
Oats	@	70
Wheat	2.00 @	2 50
GUN POWDER—		
Sporting in kegs of 25 lbs	@	8 75
Blasting in kegs of 25 lbs	6.25 @	6.75
HAY—		
Clover per 100 lbs	@	1 50
Timothy	@	1.25
IRON—		
City Mills Bar		5½
Pittsburg bar		6
Sheet Iron	10 @	12
Nail Rod	10 @	14
LARD—		
In Barrels	@	22
In Kegs and Cans	@	23
LEATHER—		
White oak, sole, per lb	@	40
Hemlock, sole, per lb	26 @	30
French calf skins per dozen	40.00 @	75.00
American calf skins per dozen	36 00 @	40.00
Upper leather per dozen	40.00 @	45.00
Harness leather per lb	40 @	50
LIME—		
Georgia per 5 bushel barrel	@	2 50
Alabama per 5 bushel barrel	@	3.00
MACKEREL—		
No. 1 per barrel	@	26 00
No. 2 per barrel	@	20.00
No. 3 per barrel	@	17.00
No. 1 in half barrels	@	13.00
No. 2 in half barrels	@	11.00
No. 3 in half barrels	@	9.50
No. 1 in kitts	@	4.00
No. 2 in kitts	@	3 50
No. 3 in kitts	@	3.25
MOLASSES—		
Cuba per gallon	50 @	52
New Orleans	85 @	87
Syrup per gallon	90 @	1.25
NAILS—		
4s to 6os	6.00 @	6.25
3s common	@	7.00
3s fine	@	8.00
POTATOES—		
Sweet—P bu	85 @	1.00
Irish—Northern	5 00 @	6 25
" Tennessee	5 00 @	5 25
RICE—		
Rogoon		
Carolina	13½@	14
SACKS—		
2 Bushel Burlaps	16½@	17
2 Bushel wheat sacks	19 @	25
SALT—		
Virginia	@	2.50
Liverpool	2 75 @	2.80
SOAP—		
Bar	8 @	15
STARCH—		
Per lb	10 @	12
SUGAR—		
Crushed and Granulated per lb	19½@	20
Clarified per lb	16 @	17½
New Orleans	14 @	16
Demerara	16½@	17
TOBACCO—		
Low Grades	50 @	60
Medium	70 @	75
Good medium	80 @	85
Fine	90 @	1.00
Choice	1.10 @	1.35

Financial.

EXCHANGE ON NEW YORK.—Buying at par; selling at ¼ premium.

GOLD.—Buying at 33 cents; selling at 32 cents.

SILVER.—Buying at 31 cents; selling at 32 cents.

GOLD BULLION.—Buying at $1.25 per pennyweight.

GOLD DUST.—Buying at $1.20@1.25 per pennyweight.

Uncurrent Moneys and Securities.

GEORGIA BANK NOTES.

Ga. R. R. & B. Co.	a98	Merch'ts & Plant.	7a..
C. R. R. & B. Co.	98a..	Farmers & Mechan	9a..
Marine Bank Ga.	98a..	Bank of Commerce	7a..
Bank Middle Ga.	98a..	Bank of Columbus	5a..
Bank of Athens	a50	Manufact. Macon	15a..
Bank of Fulton	a40	Union Bank	5a..
Bank of Savannah	a53	Mechanics	a..
Bank of Augusta	a70	Planters' Bank	a19
City B'k Augusta	a40	Augusta Sav. B'nk	16a..
Bank State Ga	a23	Northwestern B'k	1a
Bank Empire State	a18	Timber Cutters B'k	1a..

SOUTH CAROLINA BANK NOTES.

Bank of So. Ca.	a8..	B'k State S. C. old	a1
Union Bank	a80	Bk State S. C. new	1a..
Peoples' Bank	a45	Exchange Bank	a7
Bank of Newberry	a27	So. W. R. R., old	a28
Bank Charleston	a28	So. W. R. R., new	a26
Planters & Mech	a18	State Bank	a2
B'k of Hamburg	a12	Merchants Bank	a7
Bank of Camden	a24	City Chas'n notes	90a
Bank of Chester	a 8	Planters', Fairfield	a6
B'k of Georgetown	a10	Car. Treas. Notes	75

ALABAMA BANK NOTES.

Bank of Mobile	95	Bank of Montgomery	50
Bank of Selma	90	Eastern Bank	90
Central Bank	2	Northern Bank	25
Commercial Bank	5	Southern Bank	90

BONDS AND STOCKS.

Pensacola and Georgia Railroad Bonds	40@	42
Atlantic and Gulf Railroad Bonds	70@	75
M. & W. Pt. Bonds, 1st mortgage	82@	87
M. & W. Pt. Bonds, Income	60@	62
M. & W. Pt. Bonds, Stock	18@	20
Macon & Western Railroad Stock	100@	110
Macon & Augusta, endorsed	85@	90
Macon & Augusta, not endorsed	70@	75
Macon & Augusta, Stock	90@	94
Muscogee Railroad Bonds	75@	7
Muscogee Railroad Stock	70@	7
Columbia, S. C. Bonds	50@	5
Georgia 6 per cent	78@	8
Georgia 7 per cent	90@	9
Georgia Coupons	80@	8
North Carolina 6 per cents	62@	6
North Carolina Coupons	63@	6
Tennessee 6 per cent	60@	6
Tennessee Coupons	55@	7
South Carolina Bonds, old	40@	45
South Carolina Bonds, new	35@	4
S. C. Railroad Bonds, 6 per cent	68@	71
S. C. Railroad Bonds, 7 per cent	73@	75
Memphis & Charleston Railroad Bonds	85@	89
Georgia Railroad Bonds	100@	104
Georgia Railroad Stock	78@	85
Central Railroad Bonds	100@	105
Central Railroad Stock	120@	130
South Western Railroad Bonds	100@	109
Southwestern Railroad Stock	93@	95
Atlanta & LaGrange Railroad Stock	95@	100
Augusta Bonds	74@	78
Atlanta Bonds, 9 per cent	83@	85
Macon Bonds	70@	75
Columbus Bonds	70@	75
Savannah Bonds	87@	88
Fulton County Bonds	80@	85
City Checks, Atlanta	90@	95
County Checks, Fulton	85@	95
United States 5-20 Bonds	109@	113
United States 7-30 Bonds	90@	100
United States 10 40 Bonds	104@	106
Atlanta National Bank Stock	100@	110
Revenue Stamps	90	100
Watrans	70@	80

WM. S. CARROLL,
CO (Formerly Wyly & Carroll.)
Commission Merchant,
AND DEALER IN
BACON, CORN, FLOUR, ROPE, BAGGING,
Coffee, Molasses, Salt, Candles,
Atlanta, Ga.

LUMBER! LUMBER!
—AT—
MURPHY, RICE & CO.'S
LUMBER YARD,
Peachtree street, Atlanta, Georgia.
ON HAND:
500,000 FEET OF LUMBER of every kind.
FLOORING, INCH PLANK and Framing Lumber.
DRY LUMBER of all kinds, from SOUTH-WESTERN GEORGIA LONGLEAF PINE.
Also, the very best quality of SOUTH WESTERN LONGLEAF PINE FLOORING on the yard TONGUE AND GROOVED and ready to deliver at $33 PER THOUSAND.
Also, the best quality of WEATHER BOARDING always on hand, and any other kind of LUMBER sold in this market.
TERMS CASH.
oct23—d MURPHY, RICE & CO.

Latest New York News.

THE PEOPLE
GREATLY EXCITED
"COSTAR" IN THE FIELD!
LADIES!!
Look Out! Look Out!
A Beautifier 'as is' A Beautifier!

Ladies' Magazine for Sept.]

"HENRY R. COSTAR, of No. 10 Crosby street—is said to be 'out' with a BEAUTIFIER that eclipses anything ever known in this line. The Ladies are wild with delight. One Lady says, 'I know it's right,' and pointed to a skin as fresh, soft and delicate as a child. Another Lady said, 'If it cost $10 00 a bottle, I'd have it;' and another, 'Away with all hurtful cosmetics, and give me only

'COSTAR'S' BITTER-SWEET
AND
ORANGE BLOSSOMS.

It gives Beauty to the complexion, a Rosy glow to the Cheeks, a Ruby tinge to the Lips, and Happiness complete.'

!! Beware!! of worthless imitations.
All Druggists in ATLANTA sell it.
One bottle, $1 00; three bottles, $2 00;
Or address "COSTAR," No. 10 Crosby st, N.Y.

"COSTAR'S"
Standard Preparations
ARE
"Costar's" Rat, Roach, Etc., Exterminators.
"Costar's" Bed Bug Exterminators.
"Costar's" (only pure) Insect Powder.
"Only Infallible Remedies known."
"18 years established in New York."
"2,000 Boxes and Flasks manufactured daily."
"All Druggists in ATLANTA sell them."
"!!! Beware!!! of spurious imitations."
$1 00 sizes sent by mail on receipt of price.
$3 00 for any three $1 00 sizes by Express.
Address
HENRY R. COSTAR, 10 Crosby St., N. Y.,
Or JOHN F. HENRY, (Successor to)
DEMAS BARNES & Co., 21 Park Row, N. Y.
Sold by
Redwine & Fox,
nov3-d&wly ATLANTA, GA.

UNITED STATES HOTEL,
SASSEEN, YORK & JOURDAN,
PROPRIETORS.
Within 100 yards of the General Passenger Depot.
Corner Alabama and Prior Streets,
E. R. SASSEEN,
B. W. YORK,
R. T. JOURDAN,
ATLANTA, GA.
J. W. F. BRYSON, R. T. JOURDAN, Clerks.
june16-dtf

ROOFING! ROOFING!
Stills, Brandy Stills.
—:o:—
RUNNICUTT & BELLINGRATH,
PLUMBERS & GAS FITTERS,
COPPER SMITHS,
Workers in Sheet Iron, Copper, Zinc and Tin.
DEALERS IN
Pumps, Hydraulic Rams, Rubber Hose, Water Closets, Drain Pipes,
IRON, LEAD AND BLOCK TIN, PIPE FOR Steam, Gas and Water, Steam Fittings, Whistles, Gauges, Globe and Connecting Cocks, Oil Cups, &c., Sheet Iron, Copper, Lead, Zinc and Tin Plate, Gas Fixtures, Chandeliers Pendants, Brackets, &c.
☞ Parties Wanting Roofing in Tin or Sheet Iron, will do well to confer with us before letting your work.
ALL WORK GUARANTEED.
Thankful for past favors and beg a continuance of the same.
HUNNICUTT & BELLINGRATH,
Opposite National Hotel and Adjoining Railroad Block,
oct16-d3m Atlanta, Ga.

TO THE TRADE.
WE invite the attention of the trade to our magnificent stock of Tobacco, consisting in part of the following celebrated brands:
CHEWING TOBACCO.
Davis & Son's Gold Leaf,
Davis & Son's Rattlesnake,
Davis & Son's Three Belles,
Magnolia of the South,
Three Kings,
Brown's Best,
R. T. Lee,
T. J. Jackson,
H. P. Moore,
Mountain Rose,
Rosa Bell, Gold Bar,
Rosa Bell, Twist,
McGaul Best,
Extra Fine.
Max I A,
Max 9 A,
Magnet,
Tycoon and many other popular brands.
SMOKING TOBACCO.
Pride of Virginia, Hiawatha, Here's Yer Mule, Fruits and Flowers, and a variety of other superior brands.
JORDAN, HOWARD & HARALSON,
oct8-d3m Whitehall street.

Chicago Ale Depot.
M. E. KENNY has constantly on hand a full supply of the celebrated CHICAGO ALE, and is prepared to supply dealers in any quantity. He is also dealer in
BRANDIES, WHISKIES,

THROW AWAY YOUR OLD SHOES
BUY A NEW PAIR INSTEAD
G. H. & A. W. FORCE,
SIGN OF THE BIG IRON BOOT,
WHITEHALL STREET,
Boots, Shoes and Trunks!
A COMPLETE STOCK AND NEW GOODS ARRIVING DAILY!
GENTS' BOOTS AND SHOES,
OF BEST MAKES.
LADIES' SHOES, OF ALL KINDS.
Boys' Misses' and Childrens',
OF EVERY GRADE AND MAKE.
We are prepared to offer superior inducements to Wholesale Trade. Give us a call.
nov1 d1y

EXCITING, PROMPT AND SUCCESSFUL REVOLUTION
IN THE
Boot and Shoe Business!
—BY—
M. O. MARKHAM,
Successor to HENRY BANKS, at the well known stand
EMPIRE BLOCK, WHITEHALL STREET,
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.
HAVING purchased the entire stock of Mr. BANKS (except such goods as did not come up to the highest standard for excellence) consisting of BOOTS, SHOES, LEATHER, SHOE FINDINGS, &c., &c., to which there is being added an immense supply of NEW MATERIAL, in quality the best and quantity without limit, fresh from the most celebrated manufactories in the land I, am fully prepared to offer superior inducements to buyers every where, as well as to the trade.
I call urgently upon everybody to come and examine my splendid stock. If it is possible to please, I can do it.
oct25-d3m M. O. MARKHAM.

CHAPMAN, RUCKER & CO.
WHITEHALL STREET,
ATLANTA, GA.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
KEEP CONSANTLY ON HAND
Bacon,
Flour,
Sugar,
Coffee,
Molasses,
Syrups,
Bagging,
Rope,
Tobacco,
Cigars,
Soap,
PROVISIONS and PRODUCE of every description, and all other articles usually kept in a first class
Grocery Establishment.
Exclusively at Wholesale.
☞ Sole Agents for Euharlee Flouring Mills, (Cass county.)
☞ Consignments respectfully solicited, and prompt attention given to orders.
CHAPMAN, RUCKER & CO.
oct3d3m
MOST COMPLETE STOCK
—OF—
GROCERIES SOUTH OF BALTIMORE.
J. R. BOSTWICK,
Bell's Marble Building.
Cor. Broad and Marietta streets.
SUGARS, assorted, Standard, Refined and Raw.
Coffee—Moco, Ceylon, Java, Laguayra and Rio.
Molasses and Syrups from Common to Loaf Drips.
Mackerel from No. 3 to the choicest Mess,
White Fish, Blue Fish, very choice and large,
Cod Fish, Salmon in kits,
Pickles in half barrels, very desirable,
Smoked Beef and Tongues,
BUCKWHEAT FLOUR,
Cheese, every variety received weekly.
Any article in the line of
Staple and Fancy Groceries,
Can be had in quantities to suit dealers. This fine stock should attract
Close Cash Buyers.
We will fill any order or sell any article at NORTHERN PRICES, Freight added.
oct22—
J. S. WILLSON,
Wholesale Dealer in
PAINTS, OILS,
AND
DYE STUFFS,
PURE
Drugs and Medicines,
PERFUMERY,
AND
TOILET ARTICLES.
PRESCRIPTIONS
CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED.
Give me a call and I will make it to your interest to trade with me.
J. S. WILLSON,
Druggist,

A PAIR
—OF—
BOOTS
—FOR—
EVERY MAN IN TOWN,
—AT—
I. T. BANKS'
SHOE & LEATHER STORE,
RAWSON'S BUILDING,
Cor. Whitehall and Hunter Streets.
oct13—
LANGSTON, CRANE & HAMMOCK,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
ALABAMA STREET,
ATLANTA, GA.
HAVE IN STORE:
25 CASKS CLEAR BACON SIDES,
20 Casks Clear Rib SIDES,
10 Casks SHOULDERS,
10 Casks Canvassed HAMS,
20 Tierces Choice LARD,
50 Cans " "
100 Bbls. Irish POTATOES,
2 Bbls. HONEY,
100 Thousand CIGARS,
100 Sacks and Half Sacks FLOUR,
75 Bbls. FLOUR, all Grades,
200 Coils ROPE,
BAGGING, FERTILIZERS, ETC.,
—TO WHICH—
The Attention of Trade is Most Earnestly Solicited.
oct18d
ST. LOUIS LEAD & OIL COMPANY,
MANUFACTURERS OF
STRICTLY PURE
WHITE LEAD!
TRADE MARK.
Linseed, Castor & Cotton Seed Oils,
OFFICE AND FACTORY:
Cor. Cass and Second sts., St. Louis.
For sale by REDWINE & FOX,
Druggists,
oct14—d6m Atlanta, Ga.
Castle Rock Coal!
We are now prepared to furnish this
CELEBRATED COAL
IN ANY QUANTITY,
EITHER for manufacturing or domestic use. Having established a
Yard Opposite Our Warehouse,
for the receipt and delivery of the same, families can be supplied at short notice when
Orders are Left at Our Office.
THIS COAL being free from Sulphur and not liable to slack by exposure, renders it superior for purposes above named. Prices, at our yard, are as follows:
Lump Coal, per Car Load, 25c. 9 bushel of 80 lbs.
" Less than " " "
Nine " " " "
Consignments solicited.
LIVERY AND

THE CONSTITUTION,

Daily and Semi-Weekly,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA

BY CAIN, W. STYLES & CO.

Daily Circulation Over 3,000.

Semi-Weekly Circulation 2,000.

DAILY, PER ANNUM..... $10 00
" SIX MONTHS..... 5 00
" ONE MONTH..... 1 00

SEMI-WEEKLY, PER ANNUM..... $3 00
" SIX MONTHS..... 1 50
" THREE MONTHS..... 1 00

THE CONSTITUTION is intensely DEMOCRATIC.

And neither pains, enterprise, nor money will be spared, in the efforts of the Proprietors, to make it a leading organ, and one of the first papers in the South.

THE CONSTITUTION has scarcely laid aside its baptismal robes, and yet its circulation is equal to, if not greater, than any political paper in Georgia. This unparalleled success is mainly attributable to the industry and enterprise which have characterized its management.

As its name imports, it is battling for the Constitution and the liberties of the people; and the patronage it has received, assures the Proprietors that their labors are appreciated, and their policy endorsed.

As an advertising medium, THE CONSTITUTION is, perhaps, superior to any paper published in the State, its circulation being confined to no particular locality, but extending from one end of the State to the other, and from the Savannah to the Chattahoochee.

The Proprietors intend no relaxation of their energy, but will add new features of interest and more vigorous enterprise as patronage increases; and the record of the past, to merit

---

"THE LIVE DRUG STORE"

REDWINE & FOX

Have in Store and to Arrive:

20,000 Pounds White Lead;
25 Barrels Fine Copperas;
1 Car Load Coal Oil;
500 Boxes Window Glass;
10,000 Pounds Choice Putty;
10 Casks Linseed Oil;
50 Gross Wine Bottles;
5 Bales (O. K.) Corks;
5 Cases Best Spanish Float Indigo;
200 Ounces Sulph. Quinine;
50 Ounces Sulph. Morphine;
50 Pounds Opium;
50 Gross Swift & Courtney Parlor Matches;

ALL THE

POPULAR PATENT MEDICINES,

And everything usually found in a

FIRST CLASS DRUG HOUSE,

All of which we offer

LOW FOR CASH.

REDWINE & FOX,

Cor. Whitehall and Alabama streets,

aug8 Atlanta, Georgia.

AT THE

City Drug Store!

Do You Want Drugs,

MEDICINES,

Dye-Stuffs, Paints,

OILS, WHITE LEAD, &c., &c.?

CALL AND

EXAMINE FOR YOURSELVES.

I AM NOW RECEIVING

Copperas, Madder, Indigo, Spice, Pepper, Ginger, Blue Stone, &c.

A Large Lot of Window Glass,

Patent Medicines,

Perfumeries and Fancy Articles,

AND ANY ARTICLE TO BE FOUND IN

A First Class Drug Store,

SUCH AS

Oils, of Every Description, Putty,

CHEMICALS,

Fancy Soaps, and Toilet Articles!

Brushes, Alcohol, &c.,

From the Most Renowned Laboratories in the World!

AT

WHOLESALE OR RETAIL,

AND AT

THE LOWEST PRICES,

MEDICINES WARRANTED

PURE and UNADULTERATED.

PRESCRIPTIONS

Compounded Night and Day!

BY

Thoroughly Competent Pharmaceutist.

THE SODA FOUNT HAS FROZEN UP,

But the Oils are as Soft as ever.

TRY BEFORE YOU BUY!

☞ Corner of Whitehall and Marietta Streets, Old Norcross Corner,

aug14 W. C. LAWSHE.

CAPITOL

Drug Store!

L. H. BRADFIELD,

DEALER IN

PAINTS, OILS, DYE-STUFFS,

Drugs and Patent Medicines,

Also, WHOLESALE AGENT for

PROPHITT'S REMEDIES.

Prophitt's Liver Medicine.

Prophitt's Pain Kill It.

Prophitt's Anti-Bilious Pills.

The excellent remedies of O. S. Prophitt, M. D., need no recommendation. Their well known power in removing the diseases peculiar to our Southern Climate, having already established for them an enviable reputation in Georgia and the adjoining States. As the majority of persons living in the South are pre-disposed to disease of the Liver, it is a great boon by all intelligent physicians that most of the pains and aches of our people are due to organic or functional derangement of that important organ. Prophitt's Anti-Bilious Pills and Liver Medicine strike directly at the root of the evil. They cure the Liver which, in nine cases out of ten, is at the bottom of the Coughs, Dyspepsia, Colic, Sick Headache, Rheumatism, Constipation, Menstrual Obstructions, etc, so common among our people, Earache Toothache, Acute Rheumatism, Neuralgia, and bodily pains of every kind. Go before PROPHITT'S PAIN KILL DEalike chaf before the wind.

L. H. BRADFIELD,

Wholesale Agent for Prophitt's Celebrated Family Medicines,

aug16-d6m Whitehall Street, Atlanta.

NEW LIVERY AND SALE STABLE

We have just completed our new Stable on Alabama street, and supplied it with good stock and the best vehicles of all kinds. Hacks, Carriages, Buggies, and Single Horses can be procured at any time. We have trusty drivers also prepared to accommodate drovers with pasture and comfortable Mule sheds.

Horses kept at reasonable charges.

WM. M. WILLIAMS & BRO.,

GROCERS

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

OLD STAND, DECATUR ST.,

ATLANTA, GA.,

KEEP constantly in store a large stock of Provisions and Groceries. We most respectfully solicit an inspection of our stock by buyers, before making their purchases. We make cash purchases, therefore, get goods on the best terms, and are content with very small profits.

We are now receiving A WELL ASSORTED STOCK of Choice Family Groceries, embracing Coffee, of all grades, Sugars, Teas, Spices, Peppers, Cheese, Fish, Tobacco, Cigars, and all other articles to be found in a First Class Grocery House.

W. M. WILLIAMS & BRO.

WHITE WINE VINEGAR, Pure Cider Vinegar, and Madeira Wine for cooking purposes,

W. M. WILLIAMS & BRO.

THE PURE POPLAR LOG WHISKY, so originally introduced by us, a good supply constantly on hand and sold *only* by us, unless purchased from us.

W. M. WILLIAMS & BRO.

Bird's Eye Lime.

WE ARE SOLE AGENTS for Rogers' Celebrated Birds Eye Lime. No better Lime for all purposes is manufactured in this country. If you wish good masonry, plastering, or a fertilizer, use the purest lime. We keep constantly on hand, fresh from kilns, a good suppl and can furnish promptly, any quantity desired. Every barrel guaranteed.

W. M. WILLIAMS & BRO.

BACON, BACON. We have now in store and on sale 75,000 lbs. Bacon — Sides, Shoulders and Hams. LARD — Best Leaf — Tierces, Kegs and Caddies.

W. M. WILLIAMS & BRO.

July 22d, 1868. d6m

O C

DENISON'S

Condition Powders

FOR

HORSES, MULES,

Cattle and Hogs,

Are unequalled for Coughs, Colds, Loss of Appetite, Hide Bound, Yellow Water, Farcy, Surfeit, Lung Fever, Colic, and all diseases incident to these animals. Warranted to do all that is claimed for them, if given according to directions. See Circulars.

Manufactured by

D. M. DENISON,

COLUMBUS, GA.

PRICE $1.00 PER BOX.

For Sale, Wholesale and Retail, by

REDWINE & FOX,

oct23-d1y Atlanta, Ga.

Geo. L. Anderson & Co.,

GROCERS,

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Mitchell street, near Whitehall,

ATLANTA.....GEORGIA.

IN STORE:

20 HHDS. CLEAR SIDES,
10 hhds. Shoulders,
10 barrels Molasses,
10 sacks Coffee,
15 barrels Sugar,
15 barrels Lard,
20 kegs Lard,

Mackerel, Rice, Vinegar, Starch, Candles, Soap, Crockery Ware, Shoes, &c., &c., for sale cheap for cash, or exchanged for Wheat at a fair price.

G. L. ANDERSON & CO.

WANTED,

2,000 BUSHELS CHOICE WHEAT, by the 25th instant, for which a fair price will be paid.

G. L. ANDERSON & CO.

Atlanta, Ga., June 16, 1868—d6m

NEWSPAPER FOR SALE!

THE ALBANY

TRI-WEEKLY NEWS

IS OFFERED FOR SALE!

FINDING IT IMPOSSIBLE TO RUN BOTH THE CONSTITUTION and the NEWS, without fatal neglect to one or the other, I propose to sell the latter.

The NEWS is in a flourishing condition, having a liberal Circulation, and as much Advertising Patronage as it can accommodate. It has yielded handsome profits since I purchased it in October last; and in practical hands, with vigor in its editorial management can be made the best paying paper in Georgia. There is a well appointed

Job Office Attached,

And the Job Work of the City will run the establishment if rightly managed.

There are two PRESSES, one of Hoe's Drum Cylinder, and one Washington Hand Press in good order, and material enough to run a Daily and Weekly. I will sell on liberal terms if application is made within Thirty Days.

Address,

CAREY W. STYLES,

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, Atlanta, Ga.

or STYLES & EVANS,

Albany, Ga.

☞ The Press requested to notice. sept

GREAT BARGAINS.

I WILL SELL MY

Large Brick House,

WITH FIFTEEN ROOMS, sixteen Fire Places, fourteen Closets, Kitchen forty by twenty feet, good Store Room, with all necessary outbuildings, an excellent Well of Water, with the lot on which the same is situated, containing nearly half an acre, one hundred and twenty yards from the passenger depot on Decatur street, in the city of Atlanta, Geo.

A Good Plantation.

ON Connesauga River, eight miles from Dalton, in Whitfield county, one and a half miles from Tilton, on the Western and Atlantic Railroad, containing Five Hundred Acres, well adapted to the cultivation of Grain, Clover, and very fair for Cotton. Also,

Lots of Wild Land,

[illegible] that pays well for work.

[illegible]

EARNEST'S

JEWELRY STORE,

WHITEHALL STREET.

Markham's Building, Empire Block,

(Between Mitchell and Hunter Streets.)

E. E. EARNEST

HAS JUST RECEIVED A FULL STOCK OF

FIRST CLASS JEWELRY,

Consisting of elegant DIAMONDS, GOLD and SILVER WATCHES of all grades. CLOCKS of every style, and an immense assortment of

FANCY JEWELRY

And Sterling Silver, and Silver Plated Ware.

HE would especially call the attention of the ladies to his superb and beautiful assortment of Etruscas, Gold Sets set with Coral, Pearls, Garnets, &c., Ladies' Watches and Chains. All of which have just been opened, and are for sale at

NEW YORK PRICES.

HE is determined to keep the finest quality of JEWELRY, and is prepared to guarantee satisfaction, as well in style as in prices.

☞ Thanking the public and his friends for past liberal favors, he respectfully submits his claims for continued patronage. oct10-d3m

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MACGREGOR LINE!

DIRECT

Steam Communication

WITH EUROPE!

THE

Georgia and Liverpool

LINE!

OF

First-Class New Iron Clyde-Built Steamships,

COMPOSED OF THE

SARASOTA,	Now building.
SALUDA,	Now building.
SELMA,	Now building.
SAVANNAH,	Now building.
SATILLA,	Now building.
WAVERLY,	Captain BRYSON.
LEITH,	Captain BARNETSON.
STIRLING,	Captain BLACK.
RIGA,	Captain HUNTER.
DON,	Captain MASON.

☞ Freight taken from and to St. Louis, Nashville, Memphis, Vicksburg, Selma, Montgomery, Eufaula, Tallahassee, Atlanta, Macon, Columbus, Augusta, Griffin, Albany, Americus, Greensboro, Madison, Covington, Athens, Newnan, LaGrange, West Point, Cuthbert, Dawson, Thomasville, Cartersville, and all points in the Southern States, Great Britain and the Continent.

☞ Bills of lading signed on Railroad receipts at interior points of shipment. Press receipts at Savannah and dray receipts at Liverpool. Insurance effected from interior points of shipment and from Savannah, when desired, on our open policies here or in Liverpool.

☞ Advance of three-quarters of the value at the time of shipments given upon consignments, and proceeds guaranteed.

Proposed days of sailing from Savannah, **1st and 15th of Each Month,** commencing as follows:

WAVERLY, 1,500 bales capacity, 15th November.
DON, 2,500 bales capacity, - - 1st December.
RIGA, 3,500 bales capacity, - - 15th December.
LEITH, 4,500 bales capacity, - - 1st January.

☞ Extra steamers of 1,500 and 3,000 bales capacity will be despatched to Liverpool, Havre, Bremen, Hamburg, Antwerp, Trieste, Genoa, and Cronstadt, whenever inducement offers.

☞ Freight taken from Cardiff, or any indirect port, for Savannah. Apply to

WM. M. TUNO & CO.

In Liverpool to STODDART BROTHERS, and Leith to DONALD R. MACGREGOR.

sept6 d3m

"Westward the Star of Empire takes its Way."

SECURE A HOMESTEAD

IN CALIFORNIA.

The Imigrant and Homestead Association of California,

Incorporated under the laws of the State, November 30th, 1867, for the purpose of

PROVIDING HOMES

FOR ITS MEMBERS,

and thereby induce imigration.

CAPITAL STOCK $1,000,000,

Divided into 200,000 shares at $5 per share payable

IN U. S. CURRENCY.

Certificates of Stock issued to Subscribers immediately upon receipt of the money.

No Person allowed to Hold More than 5 Shares.

A Circular containing a full description of the property to be distributed among the Stockholders, sent to any address upon receipt of stamps for return postage.

Information as to price of land in any portion of the State, or upon any other subject of interest to persons proposing to imigrate, cheerfully furnished upon receipt of stamps for postage.

☞ All letters should be addressed

Secretary Imigrant Homestead Association,

Post Office Box No. 98

sep25-d2m San Francisco, Cal.

Administrators' Sale.

ON the FIRST TUESDAY in November next, will be sold at the Court House door in LaGrange, Troupe County, Georgia, within lawful hours of sale 7,100 acres of LAND, more or less, in the Hogansville District of Meriwether county, and the 11th District of Meriwether county, and known as the plantation of Dr. James S. Phillips, late of said county. Sold as the property of said deceased, for distribution.

Terms 60 days credit.

Persons desiring to look at said lands, can do so by seeing Mr. Camp on the premises, or the Administrators at Hogansville, Georgia.

JOHN D. PHILLIPS,
WM. E. GLENN, } Administrators.

Hogansville, Sep. 22. sep25-dtd

REMOVAL.

TOBACCO! TOBACCO!

MEADOR & BROTHERS have removed the TOBACCO STORE to the large and commodious store, recently occupied by D. Mayer, two doors above Jack's, on Whitehall street. They now offer the largest and most

STOCK OF TOBA[illegible]

ever offered in the Southern [illegible]

CASH.

PRICES LOW FO[illegible]

1868. DRY GOODS. 1868.

Fall and Winter Dry Goods.

JOHN M. GANNON,

(Corner WHITEHALL and HUNTER Streets,)

IS just in receipt of the following splendid line of Goods, which he has carefully selected, and will dispose of at prices that cannot fail to give satisfaction:

DRESS GOODS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

A great variety of Cloaks and Shawls; a splendid line of Blankets and Flannels; a full stock of Hosiery, Handkerchiefs, Embroideries, Breakfast Shawls, Nubias, Scarfs, Ladies' Underwear, Corsets, Hoops and Balmoral Skirts, Irish Linens, Birds' Eye Diapers, Table Linen, Scotch Diaper, Grass Bleached Linen, Brown Linen, Bleached and Brown Cotton, Brown and Bleached Sheetings, Shirtings, Domins, Stripes, Tickings, Osnaburgs, Linseys, Drills, Checks and everything kept in a first class Dry Goods store.

ONE PRICE ONLY.

It affords me pleasure to be able to state that this system has been a complete success, and gives general satisfaction to my customers. For the benefit of those who have not been in the habit of doing business with me, I state that there is only one price for every article sold in my store, and there is no danger of any person being overcharged for goods under any circumstances—in other words a child can purchase goods in my store as cheap as the closest judge. I wish it distinctly understood that if any goods purchased in my establishment fail to come up to representation, they can be returned and the money will be refunded.

All consumers of dry goods are invited to call and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere.

JOHN M. GANNON.

JNO. W. WALKER, Augusta, Ga. GEO. A. ALLEN, Paducah, Ky. JNO. F. TREUTLEN, Rehoboth, Ala.

NOTICE OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

We have this day associated ourselves together under the style of

WALKER, ALLEN & TREUTLEN,

—AS—

COTTON FACTORS, COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND SHIPPING AGENTS,

In this city, and would solicit from our friends and the public generally,

CONSIGNMENTS OF COTTON, GRAIN AND PRODUCE GENERALLY.

Especial attention will be given to orders for BAGGING, ROPE, etc. Who desired, will make the usual advances on Produce in store.

WALKER, ALLEN & TREUTLEN.

Savannah, Ga., Sept1942m Office No. 8 Drayton street.

The Great Southern

PASSENGER AND MAIL ROUTE

Via Atlanta & Augusta.

Connections by this Line are most Certain and Sure at all Seasons.

The Eating Houses on this Line have been thoroughly overhauled and refitted.

Ample time given for Meals at regular Ho rs.

Conductors on this Line are Affable and Courteous to Passengers.

NO CHANGE OF CARS

Between West Point, Ga., and Wilmington, N. C.

Quick Time & Sure Connections

VIA GEORGIA RAILROAD.

Passengers can purchase

THROUGH TICKETS

and have their

Baggage Checked Through

From New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Columbus and Atlanta, to Richmond, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia, and New York, by

Four Different Routes Via Augusta, Ga.

Pullman's Palace Sleeping Cars

On all Night Trains leaving Atlanta by this route. These splendid Sleeping Cars run through from Atlanta, Ga., to Branchville, on S. C. Railroad, without change at Augusta.

The Great Southern

Passenger and Mail Route

Via Augusta, to Charleston, Columbia, Charlotte Raleigh, Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philapelphia and New York.

Passengers can have choice of Four different Routes via Augusta to Washington, Philadelphia and New York.

Fare the Same by Either Route,

Via Augusta, Kingville, and Wilmington; via Columbia, Charlotte and Raleigh; via Columbia, Danville and Richmond; via Atlanta, Augusta, Wilmington and Bay Line.

Fare as Low by Augusta

AS ANY OTHER ROUTE.

Through Tickets sold at New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Columbus and Atlanta to Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, and New York by this route.

Through Tickets sold at Atlanta to Charleston, Columbia, Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Philadelphia and New York.

Passengers taking this route can have their Baggage Checked through from Montgomery, Alabama, to Washington, Philadelphia and New York by four different routes via Augusta. Baggage checked through from Atlanta to Charleston, Columbia, Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington Philadelphia and New York.

The Train leaving Atlanta at 5:40 P. M. has attached to it Pullman's Palace Sleeping Cars, and makes close connections at Augusta with Trains to the following places: Savannah, Charleston, Columbia, Charlotte, Raleigh, Wilmington, Weldon, Petersburg, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.

Passengers from New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, and Columbus, Ga., make close connections at Atlanta with Trains for Augusta, Savannah, Charleston, Columbia, Charlotte Raleigh Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and New York.

☞ Patsengers wishing to go North by Sea will find a

Splendid Line of Steam Ships

from Charleston, S. C., to Baltimore, Philadelphia, Boston, and New York.

THE CHARLESTON STEAM SHIPS

Offer inducements to Passengers, with Tables supplid with every luxury the Northern and Charleston Markets can afford, and for Safety, Speed, and Comfort

Are Unrivalled on the Coast!

☞ Through Tickets on sale in Montgomery, West Point, and Atlanta to New York via Charleston Steam Ships.

J. A. ROBERT,

General Ticket Agent, Georgia Railroad

Augusta, Ga., Sep. 23, 1868. sep22-d1m

DAILY PASSENGER LINE

BETWEEN

Atlanta and New York

Philadelphia, Washington

AND OTHER

EASTERN CITIES

VIA

Western and Atlantic,

—AND—

Virginia & Tennessee Railways.

ALL RAIL ROUTE!

—:o:—

Time Table, May 1st, 1[illegible]

NORTH.

Leave Atlanta	[illegible] P M
Leave Dalton	[illegible] A M
Leave Knoxville	[illegible] P M
Leave Bristol	[illegible] A M
Leave Lynchburg	[illegible] P M
Leave Washington	[illegible] P M
Leave Baltimore	[illegible] A M
Leave Philadelphia	[illegible] A M
Arrive at New York	[illegible]

SOUTH.

Leave New York	7.30 P M
Leave Philadelphia	3.00 P M
Leave Baltimore	3.50 A M
Leave Washington	5.30 A M
Leave Lynchburg	5.35 P M
Leave Bristol	2.10 P M
Leave Knoxville	2.56 P M
Leave Dalton	9.48 P M
Arrive at	4.45 A M

—:o:—

Time [illegible] Atlanta and New York 37 hours.

—:o:—

The GREAT MAIL between Atlanta and New York is carried exclusively by this Line.

—:o:—

Sleeping Coaches on all Night Trains

—:o:—

THROUGH TICKETS

GOOD UNTIL USED,

—AND—

BAGGAGE CHECKED THROUGH TO ALL IMPORTANT POINTS

E. B. W[illegible]

1868.

Summer Arrangement.

—o—

GREAT WESTERN PASSENGER ROUTE

TO THE NORTH AND EAST

—VIA—

LOUISVILLE, CINCINNATI

—OR—

INDIANAPOLIS

—:o:—

Passengers by this Route have choice of

Twenty-five Different Routes

NEW YORK

Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington

Passengers having tickets by this route to New York, Philadelphia, or Baltimore, can stop at Washington without extra charge.

—:o:—

☞ Fare the same as via Knoxville and Augusta.

—:o:—

TRAIN LEAVE ATLANTA

Daily at 7:15 a. m. and 7 p. m.

After arrival of all Southern Trains, and close connections to above named cities.

—:o:—

☞ Check Baggage to Louisville, and will be re-checked to destination on Trains of Louisville and Nashville Railroad before arrival at Louisville.

—:o:—

Magnicent Sleeping Cars

ON ALL NIGHT TRAINS

—:o:—

AMPLE TIME FOR MEALS AT [illegible]

—:o:—

ASK FOR TICKETS

VIA LOUISVILLE

—:o:—

☞ Tickets by this Route for sale at

General Ticket Office, Atlanta

E. B. WALKER,

Master of Transportation.

aug16-d3m

WESTERN & ATLANTIC RAILROAD

On and after May 19th, 1868 Passenger Trains will run as follows:

GOING NORTH

SUNDAYS.

LEAVE ATLANTA.

8 A. M. DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAY) PASSENGER.—Arrive at [illegible] 4.45 P. M., connecting with Nashville and Chattanooga Railroad for Nashville, Louisville and the North; for New York and other Eastern Cities via Louisville; also with Memphis and Charleston Railroad for Memphis, New Orleans, etc.

5 P. M. DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAY) ACCOMMODATION.—Arrive at [illegible] 5.55 P. M., Cartersville 6.57 P. M., Kingston 8.19 P. M., Dalton 9.19 P. M.

7.00 P. M. DAILY GREAT SOUTHERN MAIL.—Arrive at DALTON 12 A. M., connecting with trains for Knoxville, Bristol, Lynchburg, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia and New York; also with Memphis and Charleston Railroad for Memphis, New Orleans, Mobile, Chattanooga and Nashville [illegible] A. M., connecting with Nashville and Chattanooga Railroad for Nashville, Louisville and the North; for New York and other Eastern Cities via Louisville; also with Memphis and Charleston Railroad for Memphis, St. Louis and the West.

COMING SOUTH.

ARRIVE AT ATLANTA

3.45 A. M. DAILY GREAT SOUTHERN MAIL.—Arrive at CHATTANOOGA at 8 A. M., connecting with trains for Nashville, Chattanooga and Memphis; also with Charleston Railroads, and other connecting with trains for Memphis Railroad.

11.00 A. M. DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAY) ACCOMMODATION.—Arrive at [illegible] A. M., Kingston 1.30 P. M., Cartersville 2.52 P. M., Allatoona 6.18 A. M., Marietta at 6.37 P. M.

1.10 P. M. DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAY) PASSENGER.—Arrive at [illegible] A. M., connecting with Nashville and Chattanooga Railroad for Nashville and Charleston Railroad.

Pullman's Patent Sleeping Cars ON ALL NIGHT TRAINS.

R. PRYOR,

Master of Transportation.

aug16—

THE GEORGIA [illegible]

—AND—

RESTAURANT

UNDER THE POST OFFICE

Corner Broad and Alabama streets.

OPEN AT ALL HOURS, AND SATISFACTION GUARANTEED TO ALL CIRCUMSTANCES.

THE very best Liquors, Cigars, etc., etc., will be kept at the EATING SALOON which is at all times supplied with the best this or any other market affords.

sep23-d3m E. C. REESE.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

H. A. W. FOGLE, Wholesale Dealer in Boots and Shoes, Whitehall street, keeps the largest and best selected stock in the city, and will sell to country merchants at New York prices, with freight added. july16-d

---

WATCHES AND JEWELRY.

WM. BOLLMAN, Dealer in Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Gold Pens, Spectacles, etc., Whitehall street, next door to Ingram & Co.'s Book Store. Atlanta, Ga. Repairing done in good style and warranted. [illegible]

[illegible] T. H. JOHNSON. S. S. LOCKE.

LOCKE, JOHNSON & CO.,

Cotton Factors,

WHOLESALE AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED.

OFFICE DISCOUNT AND DEPOSIT BANK.

Collections attended to and Remittances made.

ALBANY, GEORGIA.

Daily Constitution

CAREY W. STYLES

Subscription Rates, Payable in Advance:

THE CONSTITUTION, per annum [illegible]
Six months
One month

Subscriptions are payable strictly in advance, and, at the expiration of each period, payment is made, unless previous notice of the subscriber will be found on our books.

CLUB RATES:

[illegible]

SEMI-WEEKLY CONSTITUTION, per annum [illegible]
Six months [illegible]

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

SQUARES.	1 week	2 weeks	1 month	3 months
1 square	3.00	4.00	5.00	10.00
2 squares	5.00	7.00	9.00	15.00
3 squares	8.00	10.00	15.00	20.00
4 squares	10.00	13.00	20.00	30.00
5 squares	12.00	15.00	25.00	40.00
1 square or column	13.00	20.00	35.00	50.00
Third of a column	25.00	40.00	60.00	90.00
Half column	40.00	70.00	100.00	150.00
One column	70.00	100.00	150.00	250.00

Terms cash, before or on demand after insertion.

Advertisements must be marked for the number of insertions desired, or they will be published until forbid and charged accordingly.

Advertisements inserted at intervening between regular insertions, charged as new each insertion.

All advertisements, or notices of advertisements, under the head of "Local Business," are charged at the rate of TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A LINE for each insertion. No notice will appear for a less time than ONE DOLLAR.

Advertisements under the head of "Special Notices" twenty cents per line for first insertion, and ten cents for each subsequent insertion.

The above prices will be charged for all advertisements.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

Sheriff's sales, per levy of ten lines or less [illegible]
Sheriff's Mortgage fi. fa. sales, per square [illegible]
Tax Collector's sales, per square [illegible]
Citations for Letters of Administration [illegible]
Citations for Letters of Guardianship [illegible]
Letters of application for dismission from Administration [illegible]
Letters of application for dismission from Guardianship [illegible]
Applications for leave to sell Land [illegible]
Notices to Debtors and Creditors [illegible]
Sales of Land, etc., per square [illegible]
Sales of perishable property, 10 days, per square [illegible]
Estray Notices, 30 days [illegible]
Foreclosure of Mortgage, per square, each time [illegible]

TIME REQUIRED FOR LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

Sales of Land, etc., by Administrators, Executors or Guardians, are required by law to be held on the first Tuesday in the month, between the hours of ten in the forenoon and three in the afternoon, at the Court House in the county in which the property is situated. Notice of these sales must be given in a public gazette forty days previous to the day of sale.

Notice of the sale of personal property must be given in like manner 10 days previous to the day of sale.

Notice to the debtors and creditors of an estate must also be published 40 days.

Notice that application will be made to the Court of Ordinary for leave to sell Land, etc., must be published for two months.

Applications for letters of Administration, Guardianship, etc., must be published 30 days.

Notice for dismission from Administration, monthly [illegible]

Notice for dismission from Guardianship 40 days [illegible]

Notice for foreclosure of Mortgage must be published monthly for 4 months; for establishing lost papers, for the full space of 3 months [illegible]

Notice to debtors and creditors of deceased persons, citing parties to come forward and show cause why application for dismission from Executors or Administrators should not be granted, must be published 40 days [illegible]

Publications will always be continued according to these rates, by the square, for the full space of time ordered, unless otherwise ordered.

RAILROAD SCHEDULES.

☞ GEORGIA RAILROAD—[illegible] miles; fare [illegible] cents per mile.—JOHN P. KING, President; W. COLE, Superintendent; G. T. ANDERSON, Ticket Agent at Atlanta.

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta [illegible]
Arrive at Augusta [illegible]
Leave Augusta [illegible]
Arrive at Atlanta [illegible]
No trains on Sunday.

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta [illegible]
Arrive at Augusta [illegible]
Leave Augusta [illegible]
Arrive at Atlanta [illegible]

☞ ATLANTA & WEST POINT R. R.—87 miles—Fare, —— per mile—[illegible], President; L. P. GRANT, Superintendent; H. F. FARRAR, Agent at Atlanta:

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta [illegible]
Arrive at West Point [illegible]
Leave West Point [illegible]
Arrive at Atlanta [illegible]

NIGHT FREIGHT AND PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta [illegible]
Arrive at West Point [illegible]
Leave West Point [illegible]
Arrive at Atlanta [illegible]

☞ MACON & WESTERN RAILROAD—Fare, five cents per mile—A. J. [illegible], President; E. A. ANDERSON, Agent at Atlanta:

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta [illegible]
Arrive at Macon [illegible]
Leave Macon [illegible]
Arrive at Atlanta [illegible]

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta [illegible]
Arrive at Macon [illegible]
Leave Macon [illegible]
Arrive at Atlanta [illegible]

☞ POST OFFICE, ATLANTA, February 17, 1868.—From and after this date the Post Office, this office will be opened and closed as follows:

Open at [illegible]
Close at [illegible]
Open at [illegible]
Close at [illegible]

SUNDAYS.

Open at [illegible]
Close at [illegible]

THOS. G. SIMMS, P. M.

ATLANTA POST OFFICE.

RULE for the Delivery of Mails. Office open from 7 A. M. to 7 P. M.; Close at 7, P. M. Sundays, 8 to 9 A. M. Officers: THOS. G. SIMMS, Postmaster; FRANK MILLS, Assistant Postmaster; J. S. [illegible], Money Order and Registry Clerk and Cashier; C. DANIEL, Mailing Clerk; J. W. WOOD, Distributing Clerk; O. BRUMLEY, W. A. [illegible], Delivery Clerks; M. W. SMITH, Stamp Clerk; H. WOODWARD, Special Agent Postoffice Department.

Mails arrive [illegible]

Washington, D. C. [illegible] A. M.
New York [illegible] "
Philadelphia [illegible] "
Baltimore [illegible] "
Washington, Baltimore, and New York [illegible] "
Memphis and Arkansas [illegible] "
Louisville, Cincinnati, Chicago and Nashville [illegible] "
Nashville and Chattanooga [illegible] "
Nashville, Louisville and the North [illegible] "
Augusta, Ga. [illegible] "
Macon, Ga. [illegible] "
Athens, Ga. [illegible] "
Griffin, Ga. [illegible] "
Atlanta & W. R. R. [illegible] "
Florida [illegible] "
New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery and Columbus [illegible] "
Chattanooga and Memphis [illegible] "
Chattanooga and Knoxville [illegible] "
Way Mail [illegible] "

Mails [illegible]

[illegible] A. M.
[illegible] "
[illegible] "
[illegible] "
[illegible] "
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[illegible] "
[illegible] "
[illegible] "
[illegible] "
[illegible] "
[illegible] "

TRI-WEEKLY MAIL LINE.

Atlanta to Dahlonega—Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

Dahlonega to Blairsville and to Murphy. [illegible]—Saturdays.

Newnan to Carrollton and Bowden—Mondays and Fridays.

Newnan to Franklin—semi-Weekly—Wednesdays and Saturdays.

LaGrange to Griffin—Tri-Weekly, via [illegible] Ga.

LaGrange to Columbus, via Hamilton [illegible]

Jonesboro to Macon, via Lawrenceville [illegible]

Jonesboro to Lawrenceville—Weekly—[illegible]

Jefferson to Gainesville—Semi-Weekly—[illegible]

Gainesville to Marble Works and Hiwassee—Tuesdays.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

Cards of six lines or less, under this head, twenty-five dollars for one year; fifteen dollars for six months; ten dollars for three months; five dollars for one month. Payable in advance.

LIVE AND HAVE COAL!

The Best Coal in this Market!

Messrs. M. C. Head & Co's Celebrated Coal Creek, East Tennessee Coal!

I AM prepared to furnish the citizens of Atlanta, or railroads in this State, or Alabama, the above reduced prices:

Lump Coal, per car load, 20 tons [illegible]
Less quantity than do [illegible]
Fine coal per car load [illegible]
Less quantity than do [illegible]
Coke per car load, 20 cents [illegible]
Coke, less than car load [illegible]

Orders respectfully solicited. Will guarantee shipment from the mines [illegible] cheaper than wood in this market. Can be burn in the chimney without [illegible] Thompson's Hotel lot.

Atlanta, Ga., Sept. 1968

Up Country Farm For Sale!

CONTAINING 675 ACRES, 8 miles from Canton, Cherokee county, Ga. Good land. Well watered. Convenience well timbered. House and Screw, good [illegible] PRICE [illegible] Will [illegible] and sell [illegible] Terms: CASH.

Atlanta Ga., Sept [illegible]